

THE BLACK BOX

BETWEEN ARCH


DRAWING 1101

MODELLING AND

REPRESENTATION

BEFORE THE NEXT STUDIO ON TUESDAY, SELECT ONE SLIDE FROM THE FOLLOWING AND USE THE IMAGES, OR VIDEO, ON IT TO REFLECT ON A COMPONENT OF YOUR DESIGN.

MAKE A NEW BLOG POST AND WRITE APPROXIMATELY 150 WORDS THAT CLEARLY SUMMARISES YOUR THOUGHTS. INCLUDE IMAGES OR VIDEO AS NECESSARY.



The Black Box, *The Concealed Room*

Erika Kruger

Submitted for the Degree of Master of Design at Victoria University of Wellington, 2004

A

The Black Box

The Black Box

| One | Two | Three | Four | Five |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| <p>1. The Black Box is a device that records data from the cockpit of an aircraft.</p> | <p>2. The Black Box is a device that records data from the cockpit of an aircraft.</p> | <p>3. The Black Box is a device that records data from the cockpit of an aircraft.</p> | <p>4. The Black Box is a device that records data from the cockpit of an aircraft.</p> | <p>5. The Black Box is a device that records data from the cockpit of an aircraft.</p> |

B

Diagram illustrating a human head profile with associated data points or components.

C

Diagram illustrating a zigzag line with associated data points or components.

D

Diagram illustrating a plus sign with associated data points or components.

E

Diagram illustrating a crosshair with associated data points or components.

The Black Box

The spaces and events occur in New Zealand over the significant evening-morning of 21st-22nd June, being the longest night of the year.

CAD: THE COMPLETE IMAGE
 Computer aided design is having a profound effect on architectural drawing. As a technological revolution in the field its importance equals that of the introduction of paper. It is almost indispensable in supporting the technical aspects of working drawings such as scaling, heating, riveting, drilling and construction. It is also invaluable in supporting the artistic aspects of working drawings such as three-dimensional imaging, allowing for multiple views of forms and spatial arrangements without increasing the time and cost of hand-drawn drawings. It depends on the computer-aided design program used. In the future, it will be possible to have a machine that does not merely reproduce drawings but also generates them. It will be a drawing machine that will be able to draw a drawing in a matter of seconds. It will be a machine that will be able to draw a drawing in a matter of seconds. It will be a machine that will be able to draw a drawing in a matter of seconds.

The biggest question here is why? ...



One

To be the absolute best...

Two

...and the absolute best...

Three

...and the absolute best...

Four

...and the absolute best...

Five

...and the absolute best...

- Time of night
- Occupant
- Type of space
- Mode of drawing/ technique
- text
- Shadow Condition
- Vehicle
- Light source
- Colour
- Temperature

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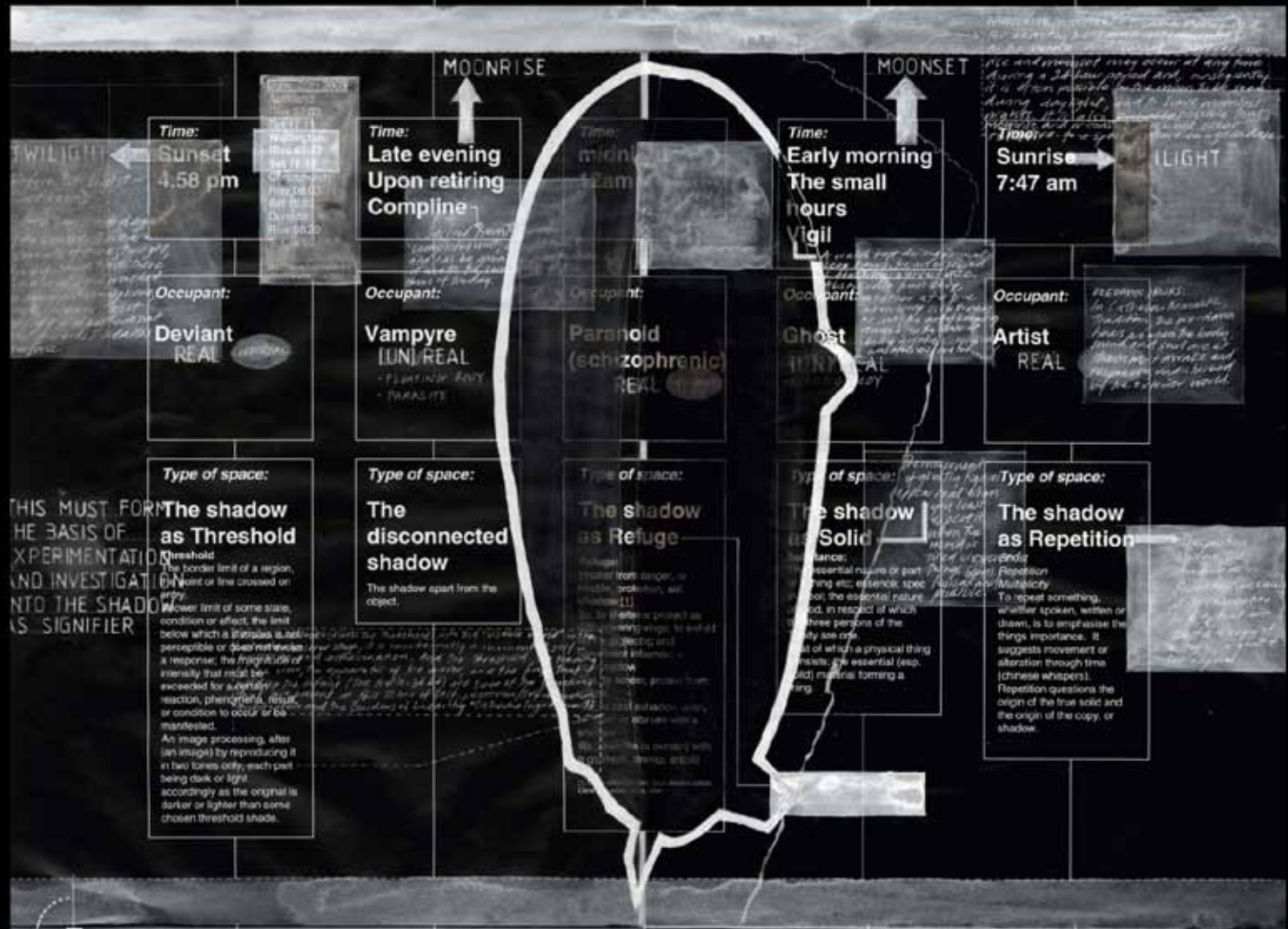
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CONTENTS →

Drawing is affected by the time, texture, the and timing of the light...







By conventional of architectural drawing I mean the sign-made representation of a three-dimensional surface that seems to take its graphic form on a flat sheet. The plan is ubiquitous in the architectural drawing of a building. It is an arbitrary practice, but we should not if we are going to use it means the word 'drawing' is a verb, 'to draw' is to make, 'drawing' is a tool of expression.

**Mode of drawing/
technique**
Stereotomy
The word "stereotomy" is supposed to describe the technique of cutting solids, such as stones, to specified forms and dimensions. It was probably taken from one of Edgar Allan Poe's tales, "The Murders In The Rue Morgue".

**Mode of drawing/
technique**
Principle of discontinuity
... George Rowley in his Principles of Chinese Painting... points out that the sense of infinite in Chinese landscape painting is achieved only by sacrificing the visible tangibility of space, by which I think he means that I have called representational space. Our Western notion of perspective depends on the representation of a continuous receding ground plane on which all the vertical elements rest, diminishing in size according to their distance from the spectator. The sensibility of the Chinese painter, however, was satisfied with the sense of infinite in landscape painting, and he made his picture a series of discontinuous planes. The foreground was not a continuous plane, but a series of planes, each of which was a plane of its own, and each of which was a plane of its own, and each of which was a plane of its own.

**Mode of drawing/
technique**
Sciagraphy - 1.
That branch of the science of perspective which deals with the projection of shadows; also, the delineation of an object in perspective with its gradations of light and shade

**Mode of drawing/
technique**
Penimento:
In a painting (particularly in oils), a trace of an earlier composition or of alterations that has become visible with the passage of time.
"Old paint" on canvas, as it ages, sometimes becomes transparent. When that happens it is possible, in some pictures, to see the original lines: a tree will show through a woman's dress, a child makes way for a dog, a large boat is no longer on an open sea. That is called penimento because the painter 'penitented', changed his mind. Perhaps it would be as well to say that the old conception, replaced by a later choice, is a way of seeing and then seeing again." [1]

**Mode of drawing/
technique**
**Map/trace:
Axonometric**
?
?
Need to find appropriate technique for this experiment

[1] Hoffman, Lilian Penimento, a Book of Paintings London, Quercet Books, 1976, pp. [P36-16 B313 P 1678]

In happens in a blank page, to exchange "spatial" from drawing, it takes up space, and so on that language, and writing is a way to say even before the (although here I am not saying the similar) and the words... drawing what user to mean in some way... "to signifier".
Text: represents a sign, a (b) as a single dimension, to a line with... calls itself "writing" and is a sign for... which can offer simultaneous ground... which can offer simultaneous ground... which can offer simultaneous ground...

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Condition of the shadow:
mezz_ombra
Semi-darkness
(Half-shadow)
mezz_ombra (Half-shadow) is called the... the first to be in the middle... the first to be in the middle... the first to be in the middle...

Condition of the shadow:
Darkness
Tendré, faint
Darkness
Tendré, faint (Darkness) is called the... the first to be in the middle... the first to be in the middle... the first to be in the middle...

Condition of the shadow:
Umbra (dark only)
The Shadow (Umbra) is called the... the first to be in the middle... the first to be in the middle... the first to be in the middle...

Condition of the shadow:
Umbel

1. Shade, shadow.
2. The shadow of the pointer on a sundial or quadrant. Obs.
3. under (the amber of (or for), under the cloak or colour of; on presence of. Obs.
4. The visor of a helmet. Cf. UMBRERE, Obs.

Condition of the shadow:
penumbra
(the blur of the shadow)
A partial shadow, as in an eclipse, between regions of complete shadow and complete illumination.



Vehicle:

Tomb of the Unknown

Vehicle:

Blimp
Flight craft
(India?)

Vehicle:

Submarine
The coal bunker

Vehicle:

Memorial
ground zero

Vehicle:

A House for Durer
The Camera Obscura

Light source:

Evening Civil
Twilight

Twilight is the transition from day to night, and light to dark. As such it is a potent symbol...paintings of twilight evoked associations with the failure of the Enlightenment, the threat of barbarism, and preoccupation with death.^[1] "For Caspar David Friedrich... twilight marked the ending of life's voyage"^[1]

[1] Blüher, Andreas; Uppincott, Louise. Light: The Industrial Age 1750-1930. Art and Science, Technology and Society. Thames and Hudson, London, 2006, pg138

Light source:

Clouded
moonlight

Faint, illegible handwritten text in the background of the Clouded moonlight box.

Light source:

Moonlight

In folklore, the Full Moon brings about physical metamorphosis of all manner of creatures. It is also the time when evil spirits, ghosts and werewolves roam the earth freely. At a basic level, the moon is the one about the moon that night has something to do with it anyway in which moonlight is different from daylight. The moon's weak, silvery light changes the perceived color relationships of objects, making things appear more monochromatic and more ethereal. Also, the shadows cast by the moon are much longer and more dramatic than if those cast by the sun.

[1] Uppincott, Louise. The Stars of King: Mervyn Peirce and the Birth of the Moon. London, 1994

Moon at East
Quarry 2343
am 1423F
1000
0.9 100

Light source:

Artificial
lighting

Single point source,
fluorescent bulb

the last fourth of
the moon's period
of revolution
around the Earth

Light source:

Morning Civil
Twilight

Twilight is the transition from night to day, and dark to light. As such it is a potent symbol...paintings of twilight evoked associations with the failure of the Enlightenment, the threat of barbarism, and preoccupation with death.^[1] "For Caspar David Friedrich... twilight marked the ending of life's voyage"^[1]

http://www.photokentopia.com

Colour:

grey

Colour:

red

Faint, illegible handwritten text in the background of the Black box.

Colour:

Black

Colour:

white

Colour:

blue



Temperature:

Temperature:

Temperature:

Temperature:

Temperature:

PROJECTS AND COMPETITION ENTRIES THAT ~~FORM~~ WILL FORM THE
 BASE FOR EACH OF THE EXPERIMENTS



The Black Box

The black box is analogous with many things... It is not a box in the traditional sense of the word... It is a sequence of spaces based on the concept of 'mysterious space', and that of the camera obscura.



A series of 5 themes, each the heading 'black box' which, although explore the shadow within the drawing are also lit by 5 lamps (ways of seeing) which respond, or result from each point within the series. The lamps, like the drawing respond to one another or perhaps to the one next to it within the series. The drawings explore the threshold between 2d and 3d drawing, between line on paper, computer, and model. Drawing is the method because it is 'the state between' an abstract idea and a known built condition.

The camera obscura is synonymous with the black box. The black box associated with drawing, interior and photography) allows an integration of time and interior space. The 'camera obscura' is the vehicle for exploring the qualities of the black box. These qualities are:

- Inside vs. outside
- Single frozen moment of time vs. multiple moments of integrated time
- Light/camera obscura vs. dark (camera obscura)
- Reversal and perhaps reflection?
- The 'self' becoming shadow
- Projection
- Mapping

*to reach the subjective quality...
 that all superior... but by a certain...
 operation and results... that an implicit...
 primary and the secret... with a device that records both images (as in photography) and disconnected happenings via sound (the airplane flight recorder). The potential for interpretation lies in both the association with the 'veiled room' or 'camera obscura'. Drawing tool, a perspective machine and image (time) recorder. Without shadow these spaces do not exist.*

*...the state of description...
 ...the relationship of the space...
 ...and camera obscura works...
 ...the threshold between 2d and 3d drawing...
 ...between line on paper, computer, and model...
 ...drawing is the method because it is 'the state between'...
 ...an abstract idea and a known built condition...
 ...the black box associated with drawing, interior and photography...
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 ...Single frozen moment of time vs. multiple moments of integrated time...
 ...Light/camera obscura vs. dark (camera obscura)...
 ...Reversal and perhaps reflection?...
 ...The 'self' becoming shadow...
 ...Projection...
 ...Mapping...*

Aspects of shadow and time differ depending on the location of the source of light - whether interior or exterior, right or day, and it is sunny or overcast. Perhaps the biggest difference is that between inside and outside. Interior light and shadow is a controlled and deliberate environment. The light is constant (other than variables such as power cuts, and turning lights on and off). It is also serene 'timelessness' with respect to the keys of the shadow given the user/observer. It is a moment caught in time that is associated with the angle of the light in the room... does a room contain qualities that are 'late afternoon?', 'early morning?' 'Mid-day'? purely obtained by artificial means and kept constant? Even a stopped clock gives the right time twice a day. There is also the interior that is subject to only the light and shadow of the sun. It moves from day to night to day and is, in that respect, a clock. It is a room where light and shadow share the dominant role - light during the day, shadow at night, but neither being absent from the other. The Sempore house



1. ANALOGY OF THE CAVE

From

“Republic” by Plato

“Behold! human beings living in a underground den, which has a mouth open towards the light and reaching all along the den; here they have been from their childhood, and have their legs and necks chained so that they cannot move, and can only see before them, being prevented by the chains from turning round their heads. Above and behind them a fire is blazing at a distance, and between the fire and the prisoners there is a raised way; and you will see, if you look, a low wall built along the way, like the screen which marionette players have in front of them, over which they show the puppets.

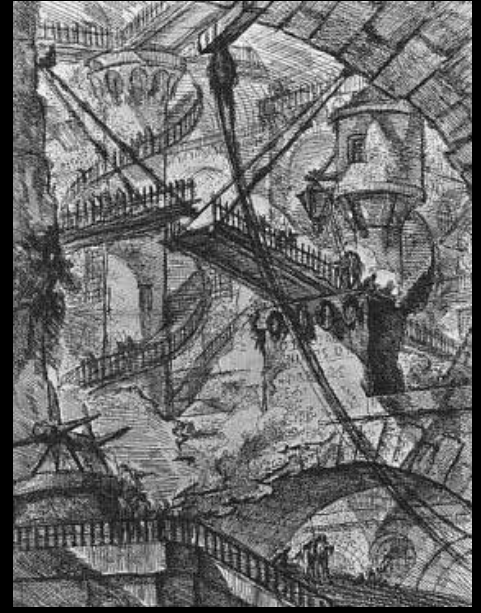
I see. ”

“And do you see, I said, men passing along the wall carrying all sorts of vessels, and statues and figures of animals made of wood and stone and various materials, which appear over the wall? Some of them are talking, others silent.

You have shown me a strange image, and they are strange prisoners.

Like ourselves, I replied; and they see only their own shadows, or the shadows of one another, which the fire throws on the opposite wall of the cave?”

“True, he said; how could they see anything but the shadows if they were never allowed to move their heads? And of the objects which are being carried in like manner they would only see the shadows?”



2. CAMERA OBSCURA

Translated from Italian:

veiled or concealed room

“The 17th Century camera obscura, literally “dark room” was designed to create images for tracing. Latin: “darkened room” – attributed to Hassan Idris Hassan (Alhazan) who lived from 965 to 1038 AD. He described a technique for observing an eclipse of the sun without looking directly at it. You must place a small hole at an opening in the outside wall of a darkened room...so that the image of the sun is projected onto the opposite wall. Then as the eclipse takes place you will see a changing, crescent shaped image. However the hole must be quite small, otherwise rather than an image of the sun you will merely get an image of the hole itself.....”

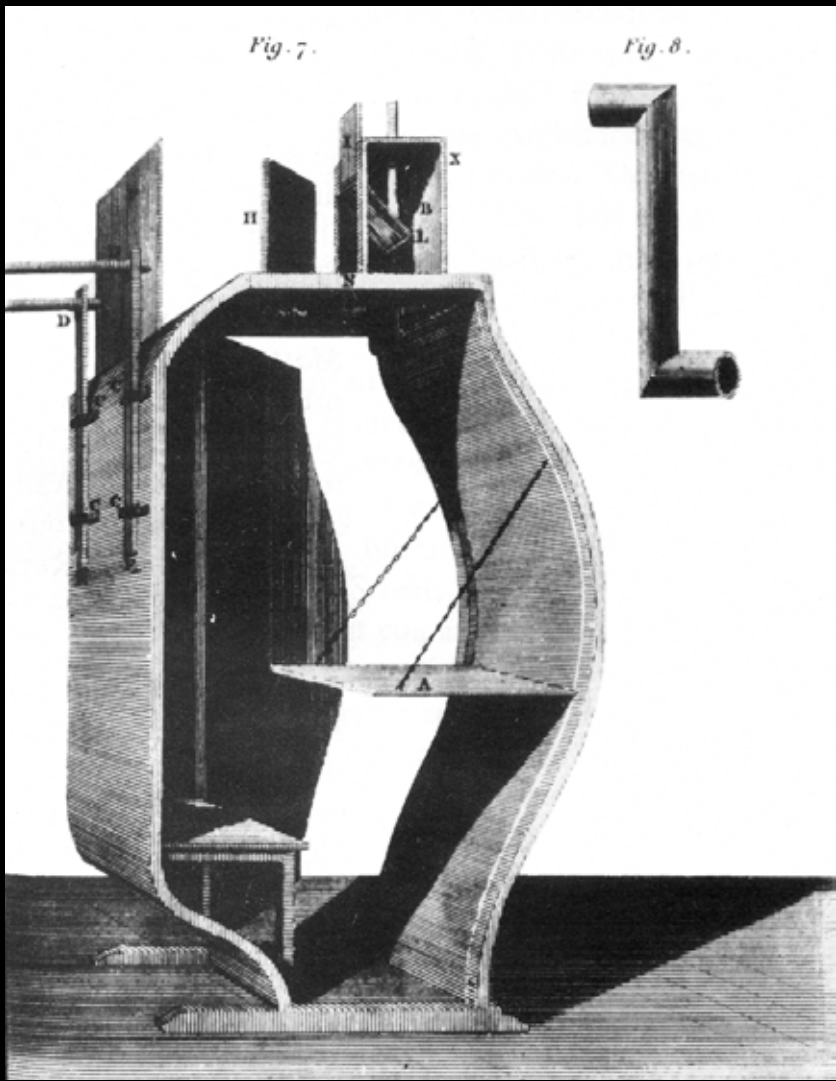


Fig. 7.

Fig. 8.

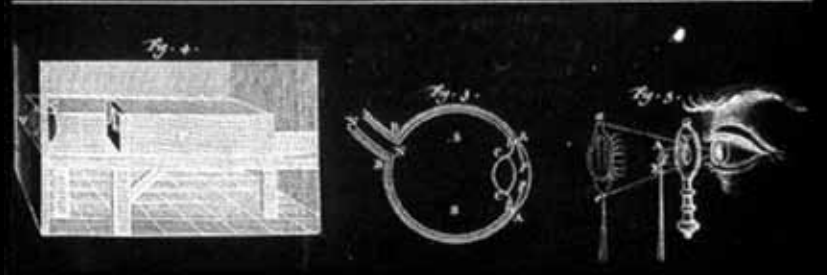
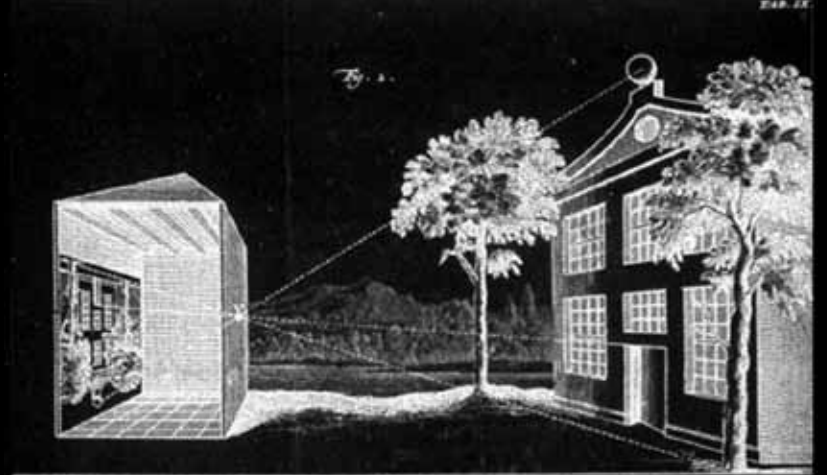
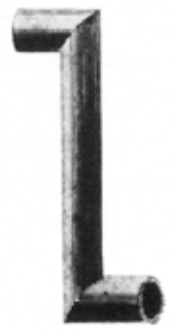
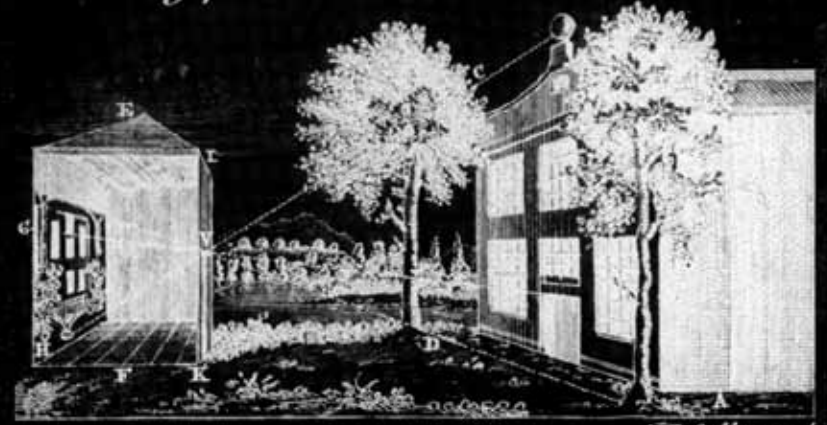


Fig. 7. CAMERA OBSCURA.



J. Jefferys sculp.

3. THE INVENTION OF DRAWING

From

“Natural History” by Pliny the Elder

The origin of drawing is said to have occurred when Butades daughter traced the projected image of her departing lover of the surface of a wall. The invention of drawing is bound to shadow; suggesting hand drawing is an appropriate language for the shadow.

“It is of unquestionable significance that the birth of western artistic representation was ‘in the negative. When painting first emerged, it was part of the absence/presence theme (absence of body; presence of projection).” Stoichita *A Short History of the Shadow*, pg7



1. A SET OF BOOKS

The **5** shadow types established in the Matrix:

BOOK 0. Introduction

BOOK 1. The Shadow as Threshold

BOOK 2. The Disconnected Shadow

BOOK 3. The Shadow as Refuge

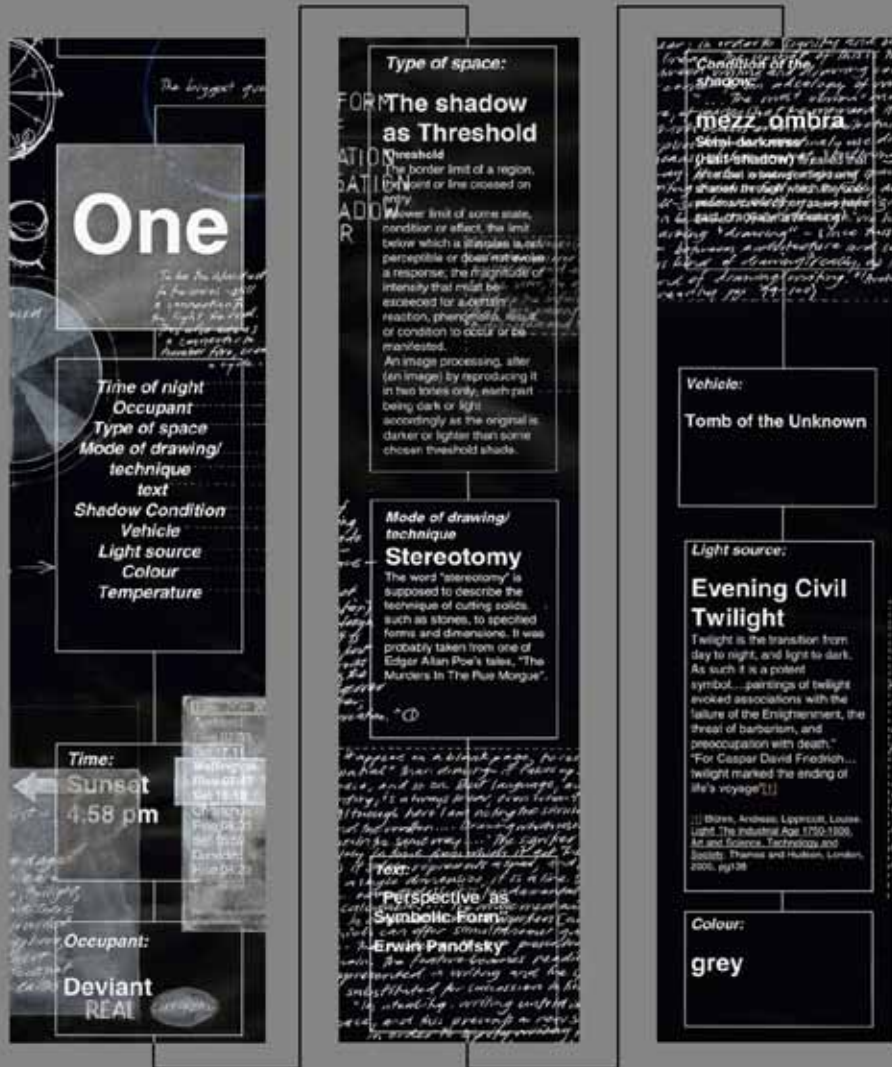
BOOK 4. The Shadow as Solid

BOOK 5. The Shadow as Repetition

THE SHADOW AS THRESHOLD

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Time of Night..... | Sunset, 4.48-9pm 21 st June 2003 |
| Inhabitant/Protagonist..... | Deviant |
| Programme..... | Gateway |
| Representation..... | Stereotomy the technique of cutting solids, as stones, to specified forms and dimensions. |
| Text..... | “Perspective as Symbolic Form” <i>by Erwin Panofsky</i> |
| Shadow Condition..... | Mezz ombra (semi darkness) |
| Vehicle/Site..... | Tomb of the Unknown Warrior (competition) The observatory instruments at Jaipur |
| Light Source..... | Twilight |
| Colour..... | Grey |

PROJECT ONE THE SHADOW AS THRESHOLD



The criteria listed in the matrix are not explored as separate aspects of the shadow, but rather unite as distinct generative guidelines for the project. To see a full version of the matrix see book '0' of The Black Box, pg xxxvii, or visit: www.theblackbox.co.nz/outline/

SHADOW AS THRESHOLD

The Shadow as Threshold

Threshold (threshold, -h'ld): n

1. A sill of timber or stone forming the bottom of a doorway and crossing in entering a house or room.
2. The border limit of a region, the point or line crossed on entry.
3. A lower limit of some scale, condition or effect, the limit below which a stimulus is not perceptible or does not evoke a response; the magnitude or intensity that must be exceeded for a certain reaction, phenomenon, result, or condition to occur or be manifested.
4. An image processing filter that images by reproducing it in two tones only, each part being dark or light according as the original is darker or lighter than some chosen threshold shade.

Project One investigates the existence of shadow as threshold. Shadow threshold signifies a point of pause.

The shadow threshold is a dichotomic place, being spaces between past and future, life and death, known and unknown. This space is shadowy because it is an unknown place, heterotopic, a veiled room, serving to obscure what is to come and concealing what has been. The shadow threshold veils both understanding of self and of the self's relationship to temporal and spatial boundaries.

¹ Presentation key: <http://dictionary.reference.com/> & v. "threshold" referenced 24 January 2004.
² Lewis Brown, *The Shorter Oxford English Dictionary*, 2nd ed. (Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1993) s.v. "threshold."

SECTION ONE



3

SHADOW AS THRESHOLD

As a voyeur she enjoys looking at for the 'other'. She is concerned with a reconciliation of the contradiction between "alienation and identification", and "identification not only with the ideal self but also, by extension, with other beings of whom the reflected image is a simulacrum."¹⁸ She is not the keeper of the black box, nor the thresholds that are contained within. She is a momentary visitor, experiencing the space of the shadow threshold.

Time and shadow condition:

At precisely 4:58 pm¹⁹ on the 21st of June 2003, the longest night of the year in Wellington, New Zealand, the voyeur enters the threshold of the black box. At 4:58pm the light is fading from the evening sky. It is the light of mezz'ombra²⁰, that area that is between light and shadow through which the one passes to the other, gradually diminishing little by little. It is the gray area, between recognition and anonymity.

"Twilight is the transition from day to night, and light to dark. As such it is a potent symbol.... paintings of twilight evoked associations with the failure of the Enlightenment, the threat of barbarism, and preoccupation with death.... twilight marked the ending of life's voyage."²¹

A physiological change takes place in perception of the voyeur. As darkness increases, the photosensitive rod receptors in the eyes take over from the cones. The rods control night vision, discerning only black and white. Rods are more sensitive to low light, but have lower acuity of vision than cones,²² further depleting the level of detail she is able to witness.

¹⁸ Gillian D. Bryant, *Sexual Deviancy and Social Prescription: The Social Context of Criminal Behaviour* (New York: Harman Academic Press, 1962), 101.

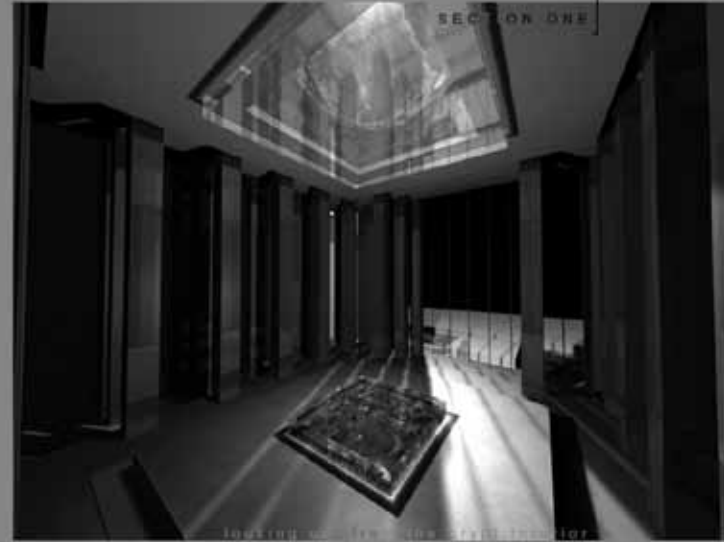
¹⁹ Based in Wellington New Zealand, 21st June 2003.

²⁰ Weather Underground, Inc., "History for Wellington, New Zealand on Saturday, June 21, 2003." Weather Underground, Inc., <http://www.wunderground.com/history/station/93436/2003/6/21/DailyHistory.html> (accessed 13 July 2003).

²¹ "Mezz'ombra (mezz-ombra) - It is called that area that is between light and shadow through which one passes to the other... gradually diminishing little by little according to the nearness of the object." E. W. Gumbrecht, *Stamboul: The Deposition of Cast Shadows in Western Art* (London: National Gallery Publications; Distributed by Yale University Press, 1991), foreword.

²² Annette Kuhn and Louise Lippincott, *Light: The Industrial Age 1750-1900*, Art and Science, Technology and Society (London: Thames and Hudson, 2000), 126.

²³ "The cones... are responsible for color vision and for seeing small details. The rods... are 'only blind' and are much more sensitive to low levels of light energy than cones, so they are responsible for night vision." Julian E. Houberg, *Perception 2nd Ed.* (New Jersey: Prentice-Hall, 1978), 24-25.



SHADOW THRESHOLD

The first threshold can best be described as an inverted threshold. Once inside this threshold the voyeur sees herself reflected in the mirror walls, multiplied, fragmented. Parts of adjacent walls are also brought through space and repeated on another plane. Nothing exists or happens in one part of the threshold that is not repeated in another part of the threshold. Every step, curve and path is reflected left to right, right to left, front to back, *and*

the mirror

Each action is, "at once, that action and its mirror image, which poses the special dignity of images, and this awareness prevents [her] from succumbing for a single moment to chance and forgetfulness."²¹ There is a fascination with the specular image. As the voyeur catches herself in different poses and movements along the path that is extended an impossible distance, she smiles, frowns, and laughs to see the reflection shadowing each move. However nothing that happens in the threshold is symmetrical. Every gesture and fragment of architecture is answered by gesture or fragment inverted, point by point.²²

Privileging visual perception over the corporeal body, the mirror functions both as a window ~~(allowing the voyeur to view)~~ and a barrier, a wall, preventing access. Like Alice in front of the Looking Glass, lamenting her desire to see that which she cannot see in the mirror, that which she knows exists in reality but is beyond the site of the mirror.²³ The visual corridor contains secrets. Spaces are hidden from view, as only the planes of objects adjacent to the plane of the perspective grid are revealed; and the nature of the mirror disallows enlightenment of what is behind and beyond.

²¹ Gillian Triggs, *Double Code* (London: Virago, 1997), 53.

²² Calvino, 34.

²³ "There's the room you can see through the glass - that's just the same as our drawing room only the things go the other way. I can see all of it when I get up soon as that - all but the bit just behind the fireplace. Oh I do so wish I could see that bit!" Calvino, 34.

SECTION TWO



SHADOW AS THRESHOLD

A longing occurs, to breach the two-dimensional surface and occupy the inverted three-dimensional space beyond. The threshold is aspatial by its very nature, looking into the mirror that is a flat surface presents an image of "unsettling ubiquity and depth".³⁴ The mirror has prism-like qualities, disrupting the field of vision by hiding true space and revealing more at once; [REDACTED] it is a point of separation between body and vision.

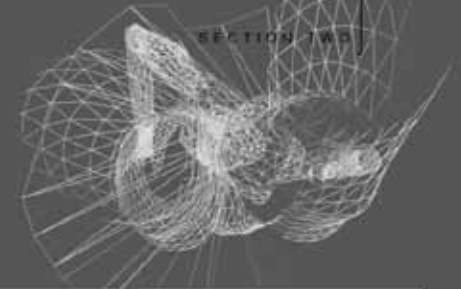
In Freudian theory the mirror represents the psyche. The reflection in the mirror is also a self-portrait projected on to the outside world. The placement of Freud's mirror on the boundary between interior and exterior undermines the status of the boundary as a fixed line.³⁵

[REDACTED]

The threshold is a space of unknown limitations. It is a shadowy space, full of imitations and reproductions, removed from the "True Form"³⁶. It negotiates the differences between front and back, between right and left, between bodies and intervening space ("empty space"), so that the sum of all the parts of space and all its contents are absorbed into a single "quantum continuum".³⁷

7.

³⁴ Mitchell Bonnet, 101.
³⁵ Beatriz Colsonina, "The Split Wall: Domestic Voyeurism" in *Sexuality and Space*, ed. Beatriz Colsonina (New York: Princeton Architectural Press, 1992), 94.
³⁶ Plato, "Book Seven" in *Republic*, ed. Tom Griffin, 225-258. (Great Britain: Wadsworth Editors Limited, 1997).
³⁷ Paoletti, 31.



SHADOW AS THRESHOLD

15.

All surfaces of the room are uneven, ~~and~~ made of disconnected planes, and smaller surfaces ~~are~~. Shadows cast from the voyeur in the ~~the~~ almost darkness touch and break up. They are no longer a mere projection of the self, but appear to be made by some other, and move alongside the voyeur as something belonging to but separate from her.

Identification of the 'other' occurs in the shadow stage, whereas the mirror stage primarily involves identification of the 'I'. Mirror and shadow are optically and ontologically different: the shadow represents the 'other' stage, while the mirror represents the 'same' stage.⁴⁴

*Freud demonstrated that the duplication of the self was an essential ingredient in the production of the effect of the uncanny... the double was an insurance against the destruction of the self, and 'energetic refutation of the rule of death!'*⁴⁵

Her shadow-form is part body, cut and sectioned on various planes, given thickness, solidity by the ~~the~~ that fills the air, and disappearing into the darkness of other built surfaces. As she had watched her reflection in the mirror threshold, so she watches her 'other' in this chamber of shadows. Here she realises all shadows are not perfect and beautiful objects but belong to an object that casts it, a distortable extension of herself. Her position as voyeur is flipped as she becomes the subject of the gaze of the other.

Each threshold is a point before enlightenment when all experience of past dictates the experience of the now. It is the moment before ~~the~~ understanding ~~is~~ gained.

⁴⁴ Stochita, 31-35.

⁴⁵ There is a reversal that takes place in western representation that results in the demonisation of the shadow. "At the end of this journey the 'demonisation' of the shadow and the 'immortalisation' it performs meet." Stochita, 132.

SECTION THREE



FINAL DRAWINGS

Project 1





WATERCOLOUR, APPROX. 500MM X 1000MM

BOOK 2. **THE DISCONNECTED SHADOW**

Time..... Late evening, 9pm – 11:45pm, 21st June 2003

Inhabitant..... Vampire

Programme..... Theatre

Representation Principle of Discontinuity

Text..... “Polyphilo or the Dark Forest Revisited,
An Erotic Epiphany of Architecture” *by Albetó Perez-Gomez*

Shadow Condition..... Tenebrae (darkness)

Vehicle/Site..... Blimp (flight craft)

Light Source..... Clouded Moonlight

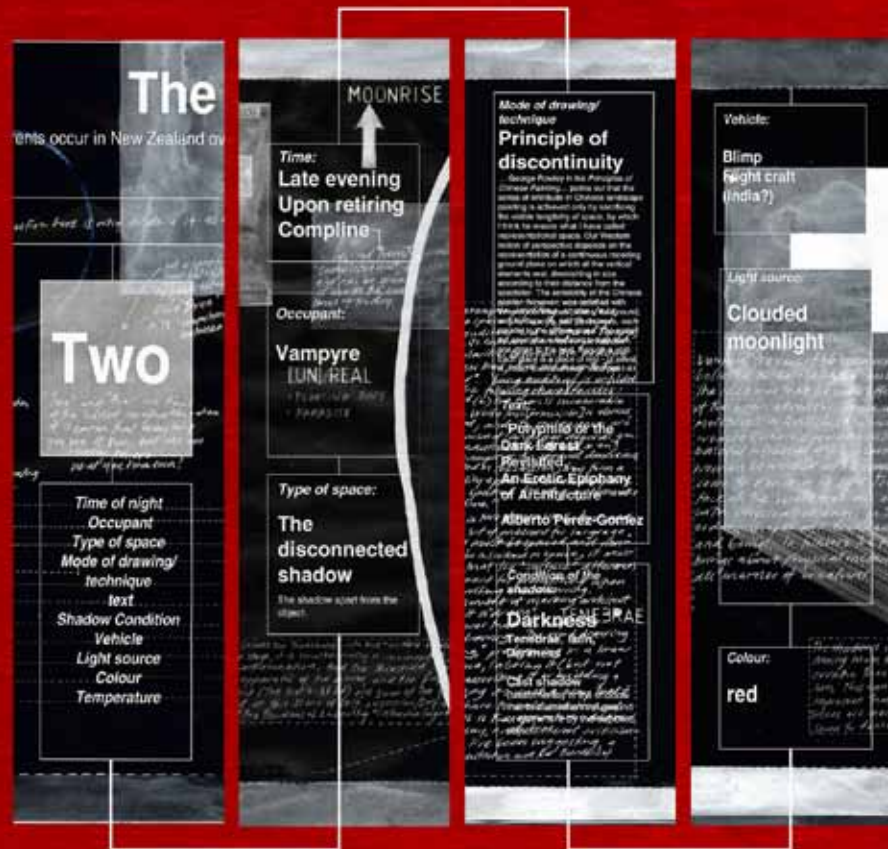
Colour..... Red

BOOK 2

The Disconnected Shadow

The Disconnected Shadow // Project 2

Project 2

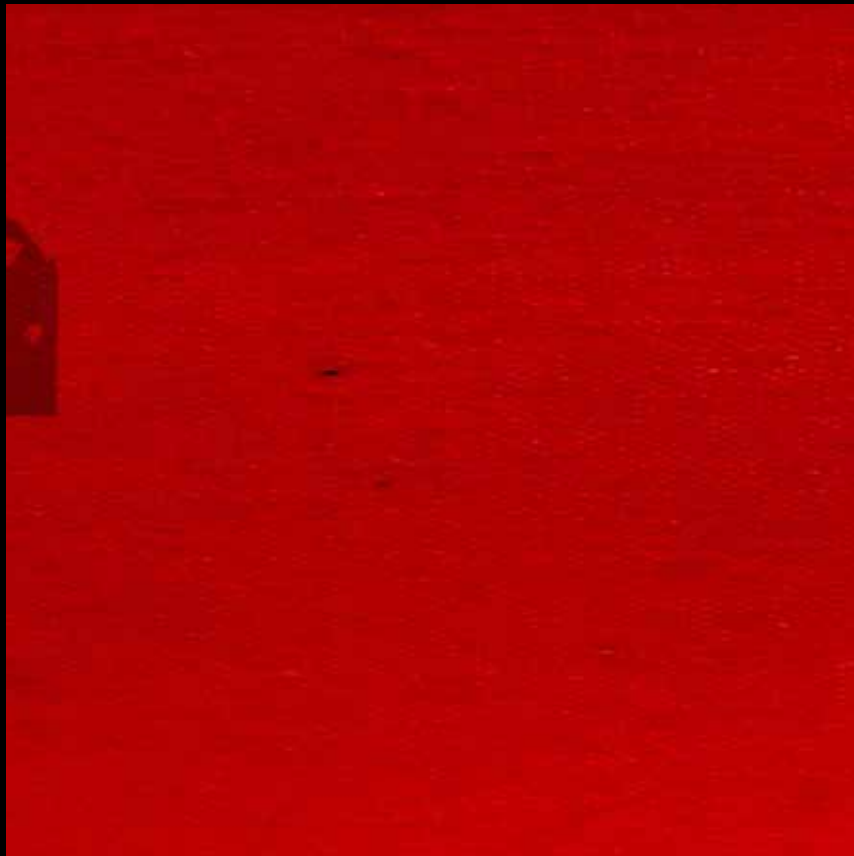


The criteria listed in the analysis are not captured as separate aspects of the shadows, but rather unite as distinct generative guidelines for the project. See a full version of the analysis in book 10 of *The Attack Box*, pg 10516, or visit www.theattackbox.co.nz/outlines/

A still from the silent film 'Nosferatu' showing a shadowy figure on a staircase. The scene is dimly lit with a strong orange-red glow, creating a dramatic and eerie atmosphere. The figure is seen from behind, leaning on a wooden railing as they descend the stairs. The background is a textured wall, and the overall composition is classic for early 20th-century cinema.

*The Disconnected Shadow
The Disconnected Shadow*

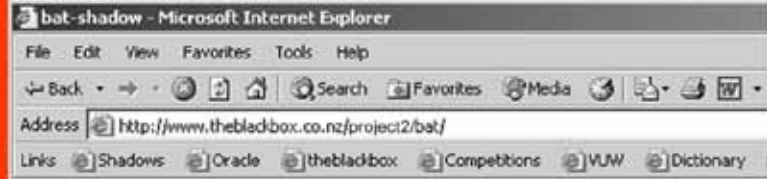
Nosferatu, Murnau, 1922.



Process Drawings



Victor I. Stolichka, A Short History of the Shadow (London: Reaktion Books, 1997), 17C.



44



THE DISCONNECTED SHADOW
BAT ANIMATION

theblackbox

disconnected shadow

www.theblackbox.co.nz/project2/bat/shadowjustthe thingofthat/bat.html



45

*the being, arising identtly. As least your shadow is a symbolic to
Stoichita interrogates the illustrations of Adolf Schoder, Adolf Menzel and George Cruikshank for different scenes of "Peter Schler"*



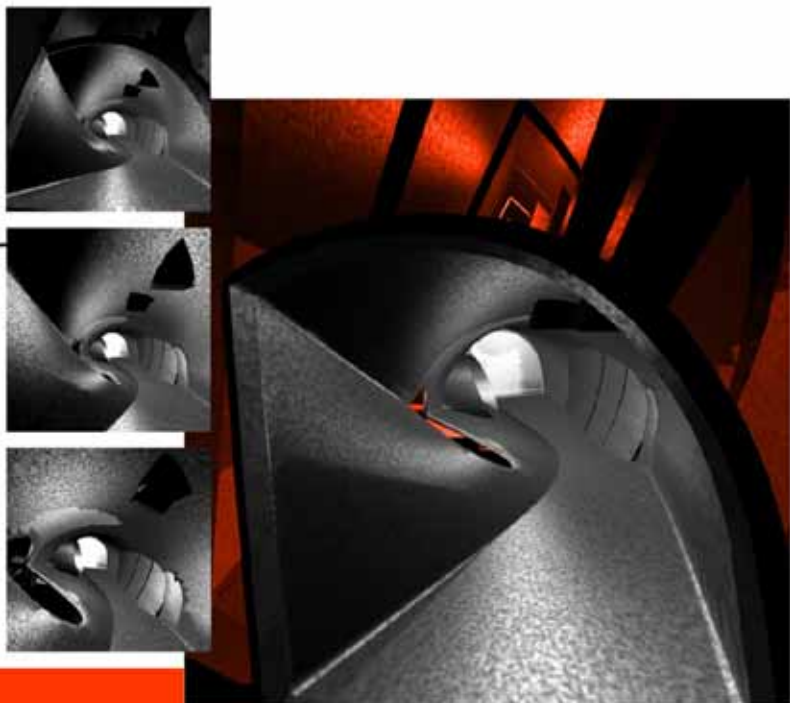
100% testing

- Photo
- 100% testing
- 100% testing
- 100% testing



... "Physically I'm a mess, but your mix is in no shape either. The first thing you have to do is fix

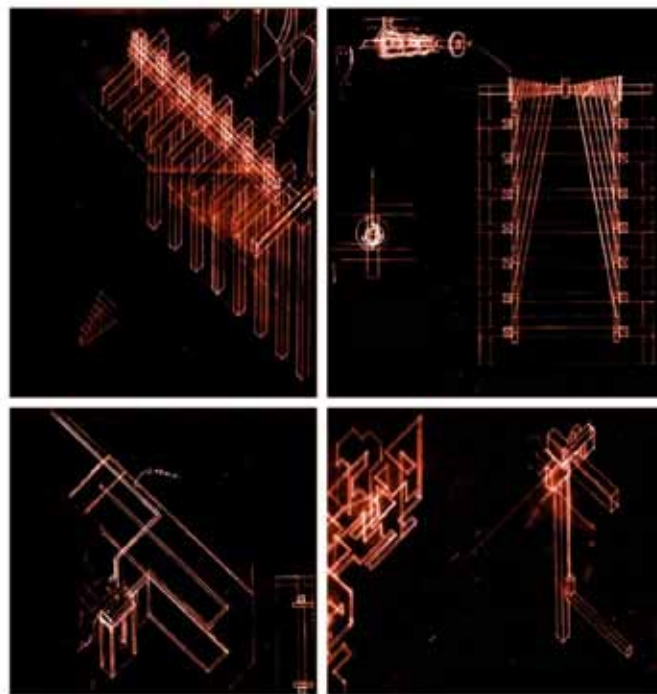
Process drawings



60

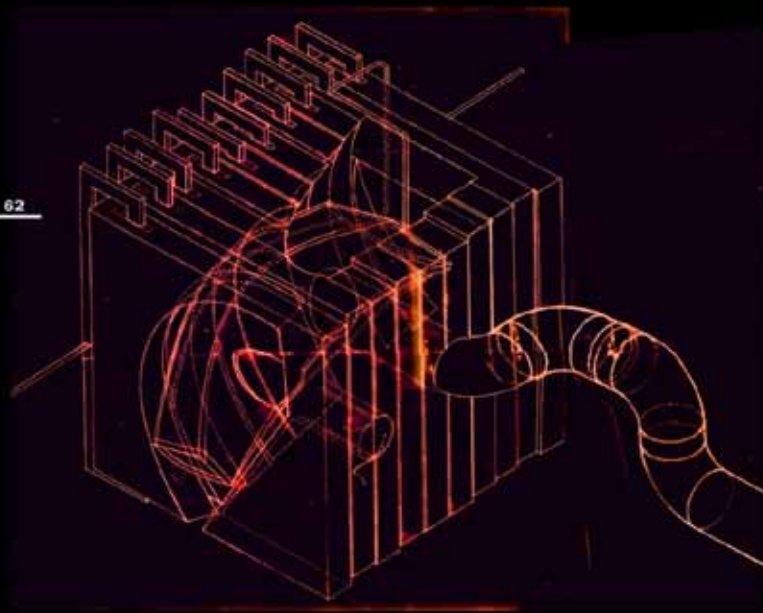
ON STRONG MAN I DO NOT KNOW MY OWN MIGHT I AM LOST. "The world is large / The world is

Process drawings



61

has seen the body to that it can take on forms that are impossible.



for the solid body; the twist and distort, and to take on properties



of that which it is cast upon; surely makes it a more adaptable th

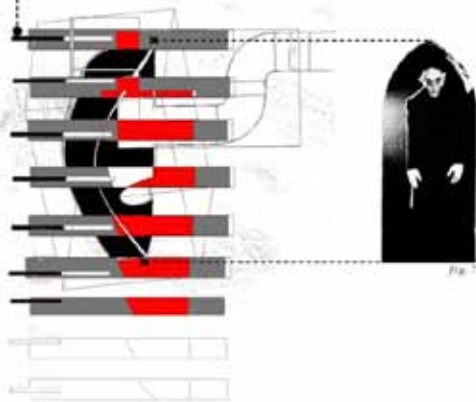


Fig. 10. While the shadow unquestionably softens on the solid to make

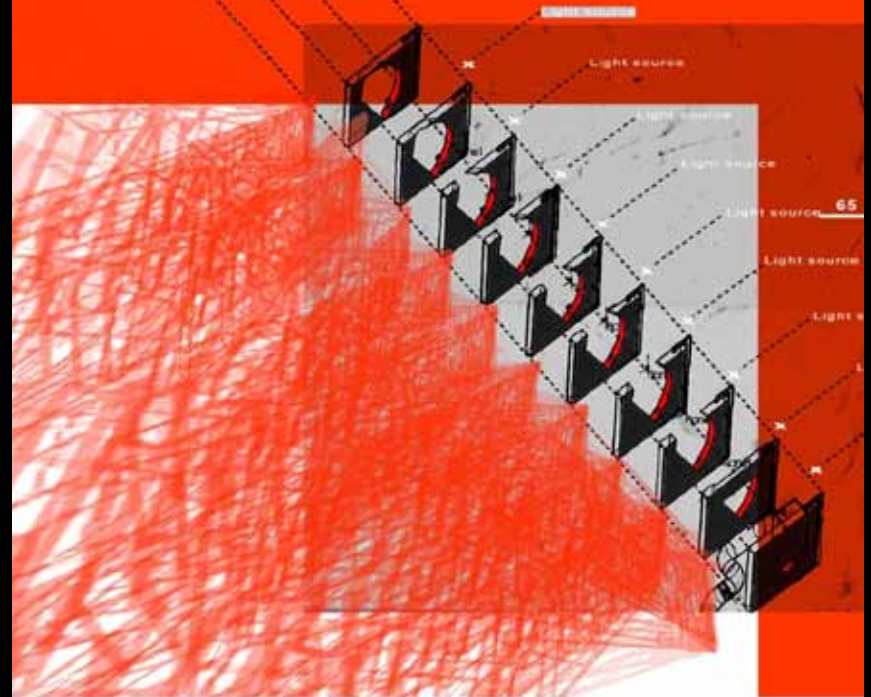
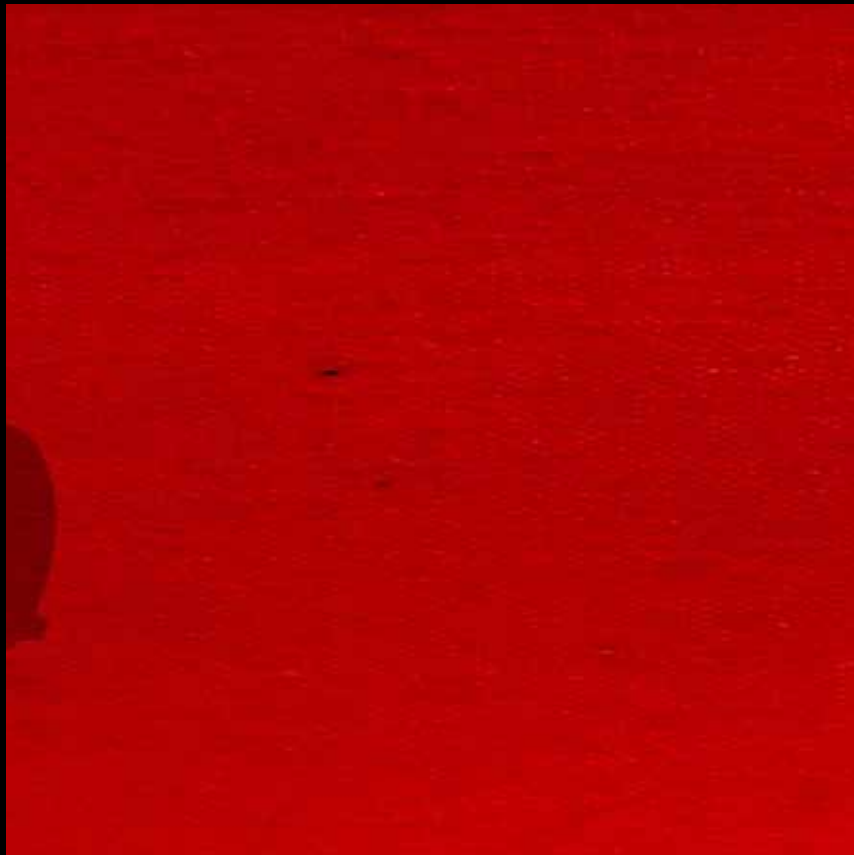


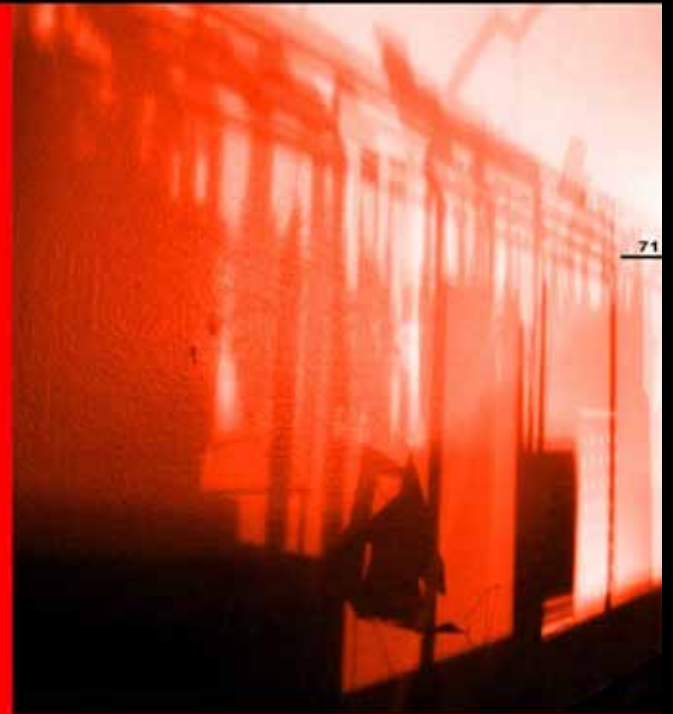
Fig. 11. It is the solid that softens on the shadow to define it and give it

FINAL DRAWINGS

Project 2



Scouting 2



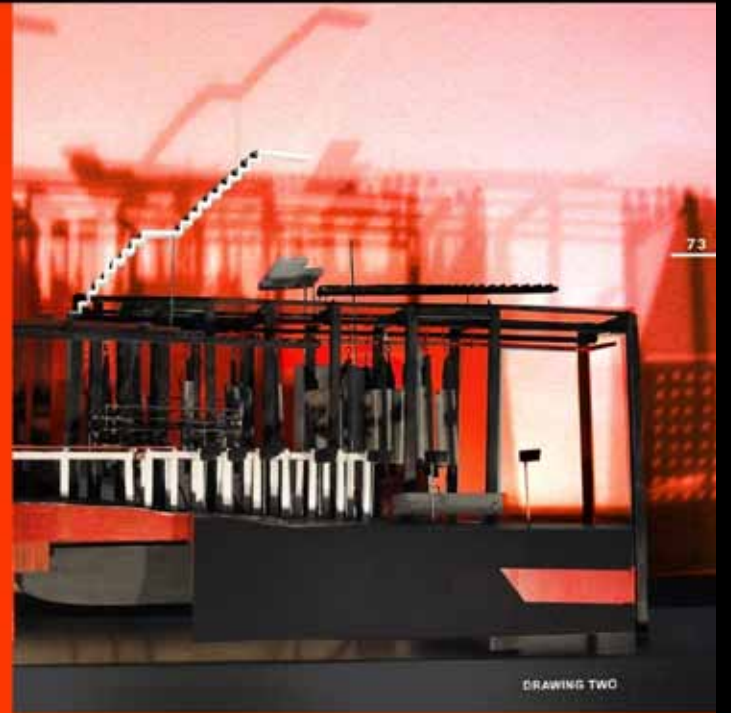
From the red and white of the shorts, the thick hands on it, he knew down and I watched him as,

drawing 1



In astounding dexterity, he silently detached my shadow from ego 14 foot from the lawn, I've lifted it up, parents

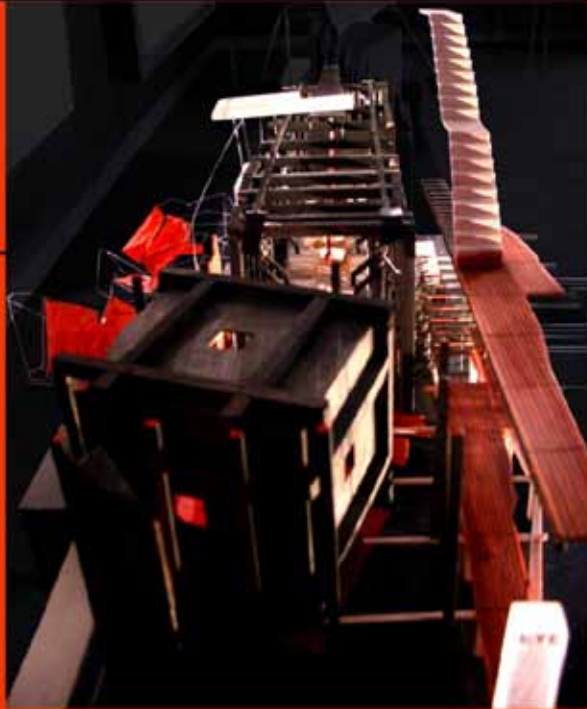
drawing 1



DRAWING TWO

*There is an empty part of the universe, the shadow of a tree connected to the ground
Chamisso, 23*

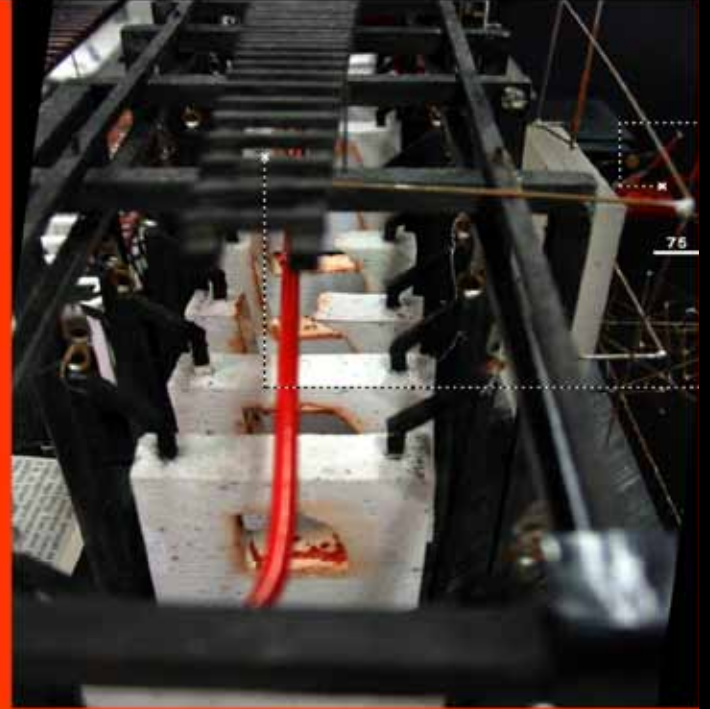
Scanning 1



74

in a time of different faces from the other, can provide interesting information

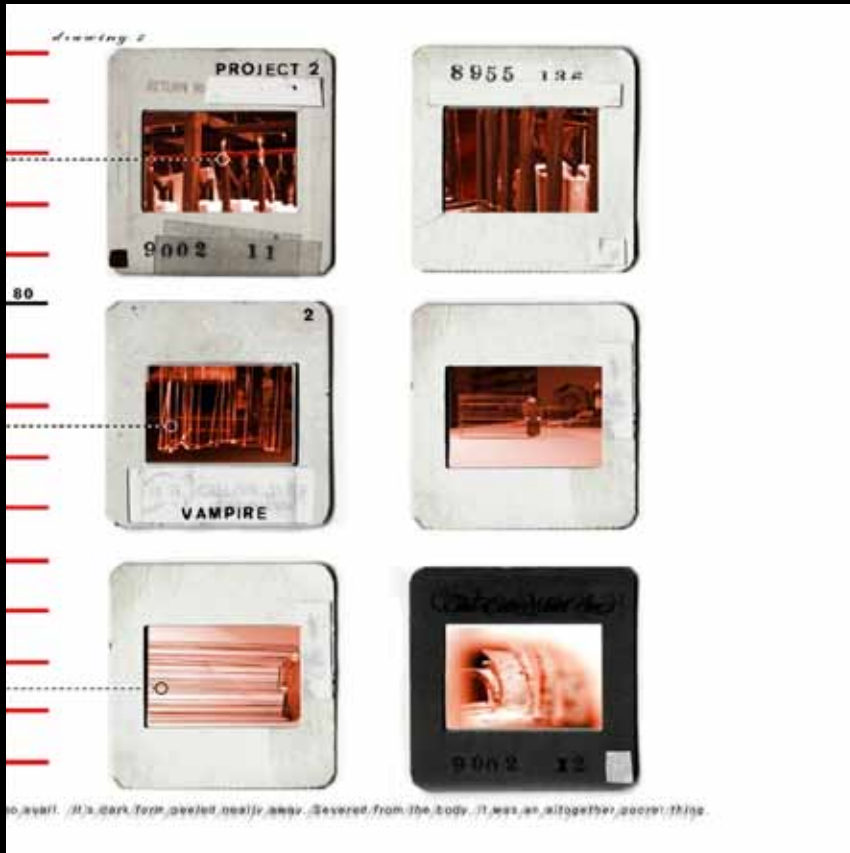
Scanning 2



75

as to the character of the solid, according to "Fast-Mode-Modulation" and





Drawing 1



84

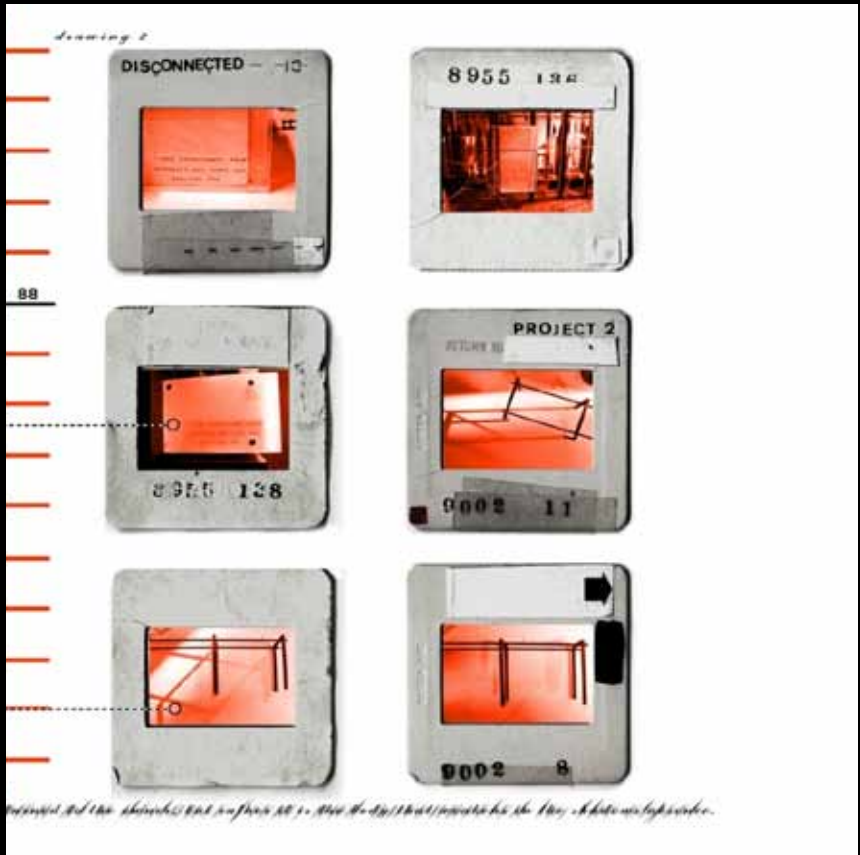


... with exposure to light until eventually it disappears. The shadow will leg

Drawing 2

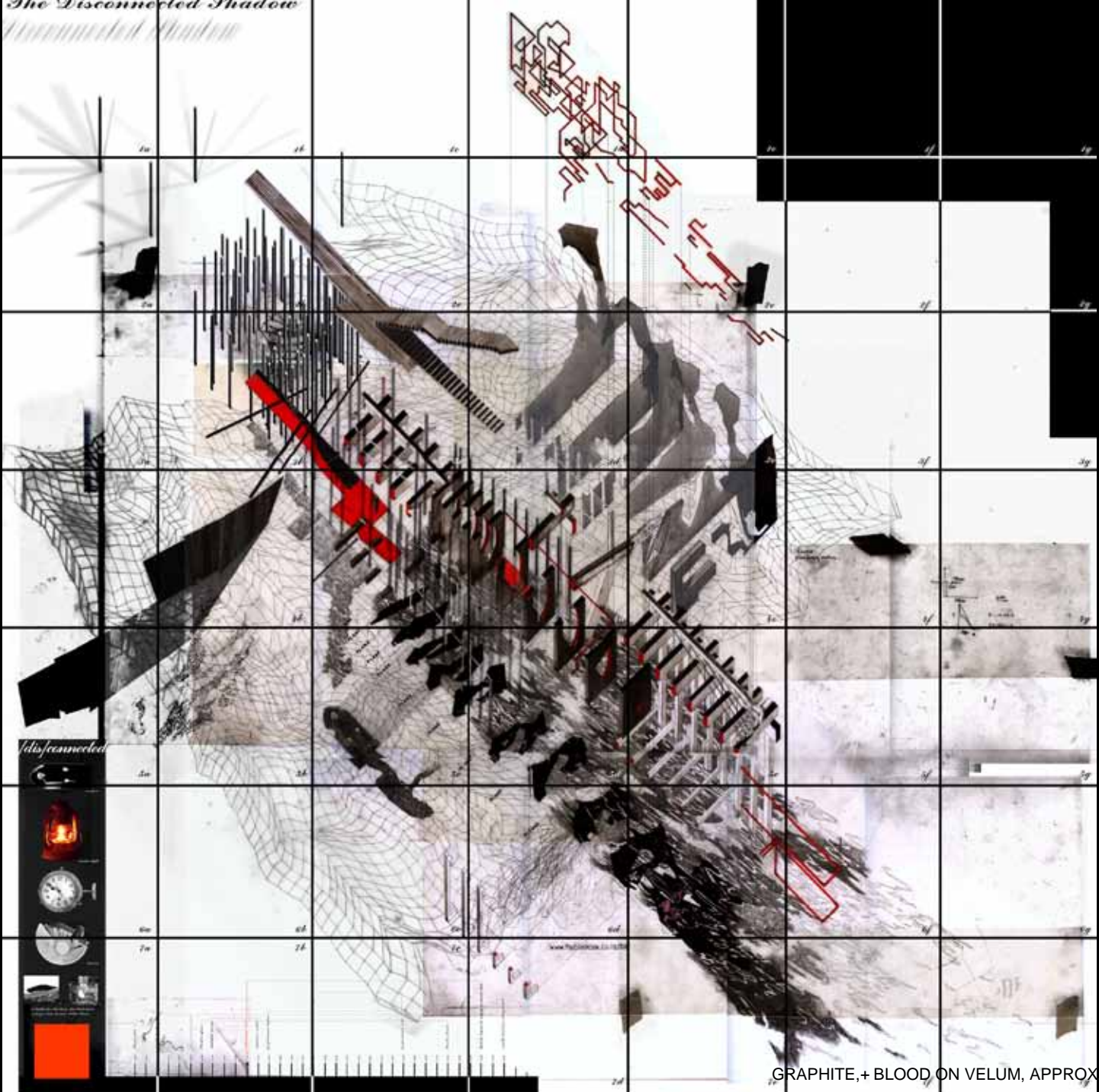


... with exposure to light until eventually it disappears. The shadow will leg





The Disconnected Shadow



lets/reconnected



GRAPHITE, + BLOOD ON VELUM, APPROX. 1000MM X 1000MM

SHADOW AS REFUGE

Time..... Midnight, 11:45pm – 12:15am, 21st – 22nd June 2003

Inhabitant..... Paranoid (Schizophrenic)

Programme..... Bridge

Representation..... Sciagraphy
drawing in light and shade; The art or science of projecting or delineating shadows as they fall in nature; An old term for a vertical section of a building

Text..... “Flatland: a Romance of Many Directions” *by Edwin Abbott Abbott*

Shadow Condition..... Umbra (Dark core, the shadow within)

Vehicle/Site..... Coal Bunker; Submarine

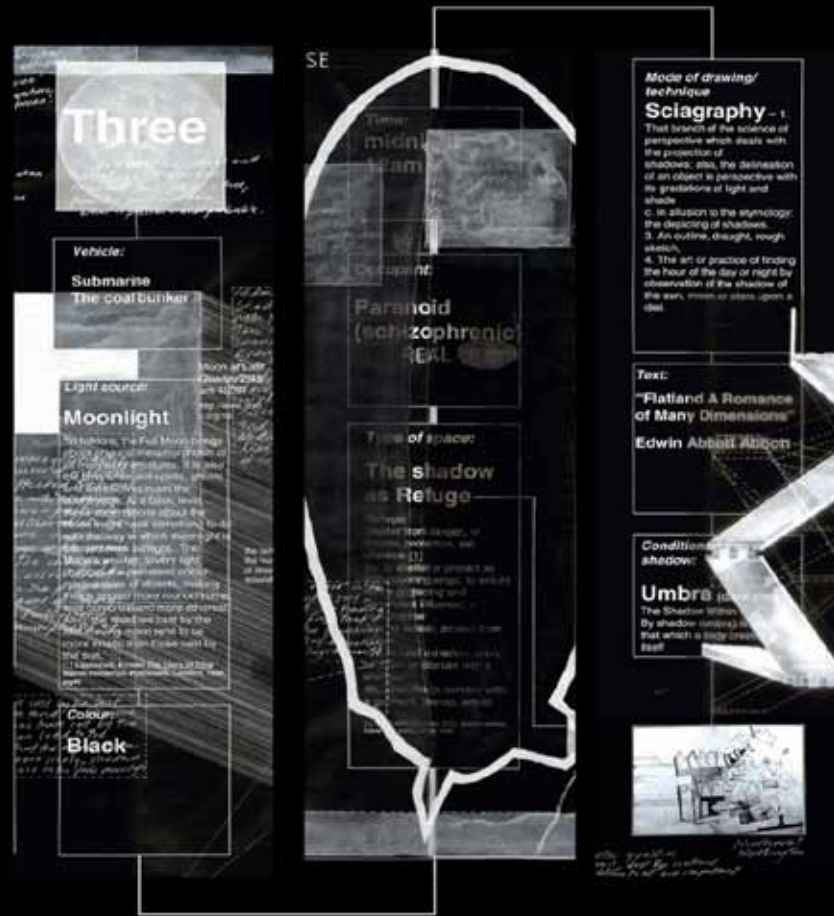
Light Source..... Moonlight

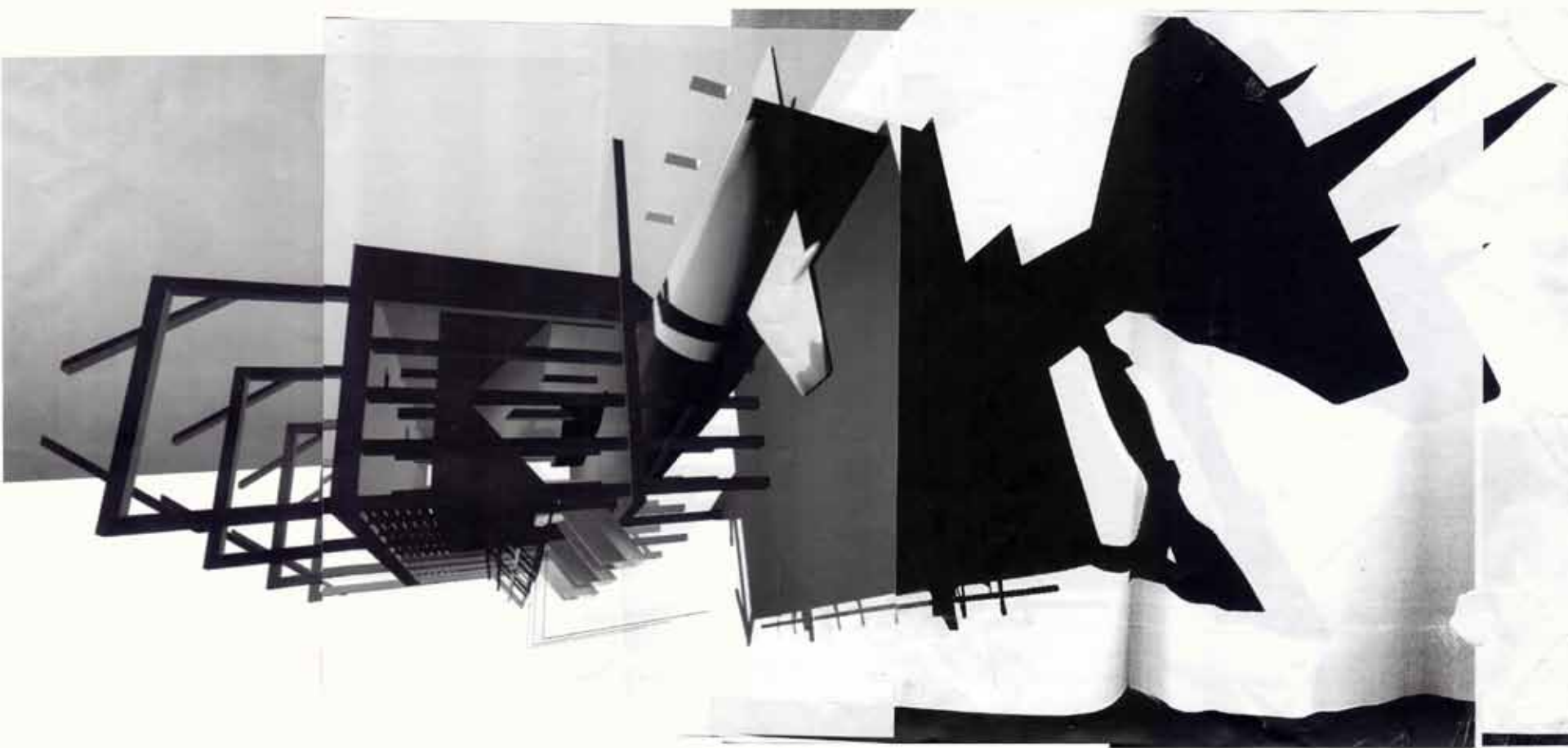
Colour..... Black (+ white)

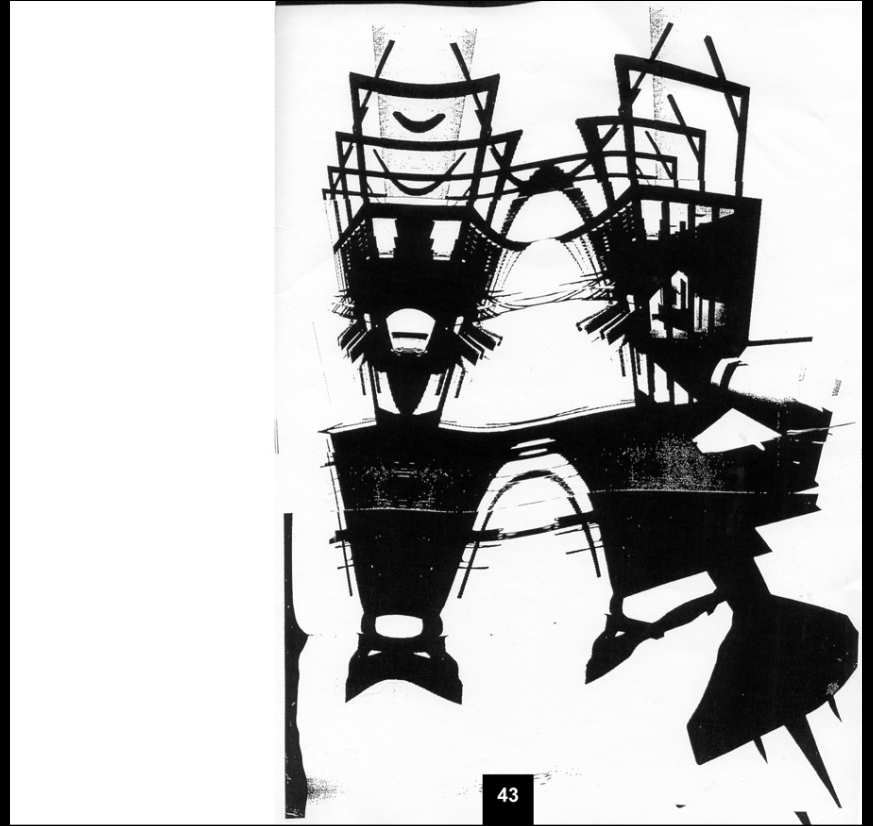
BOOK 3

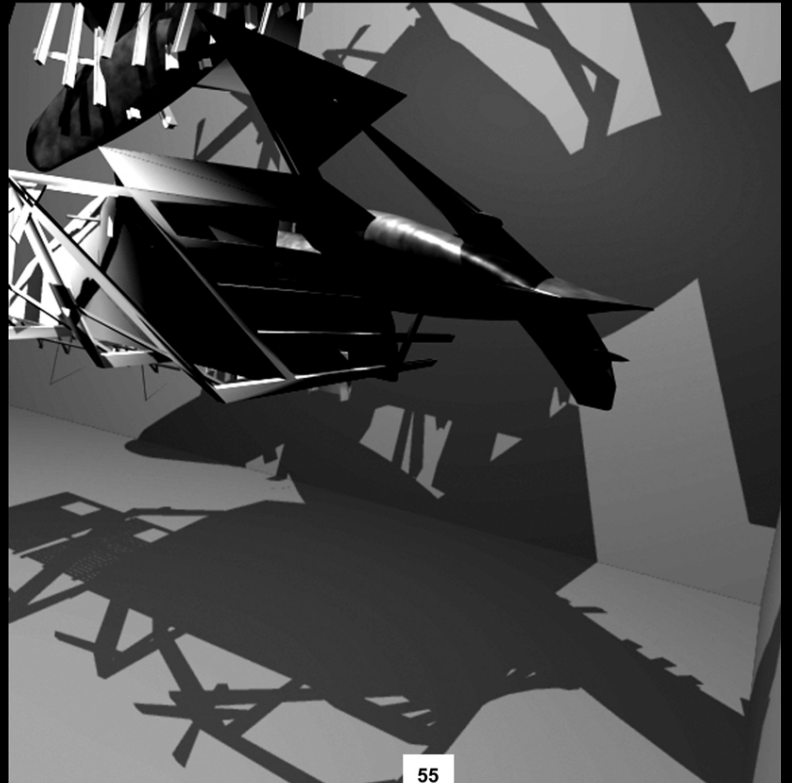
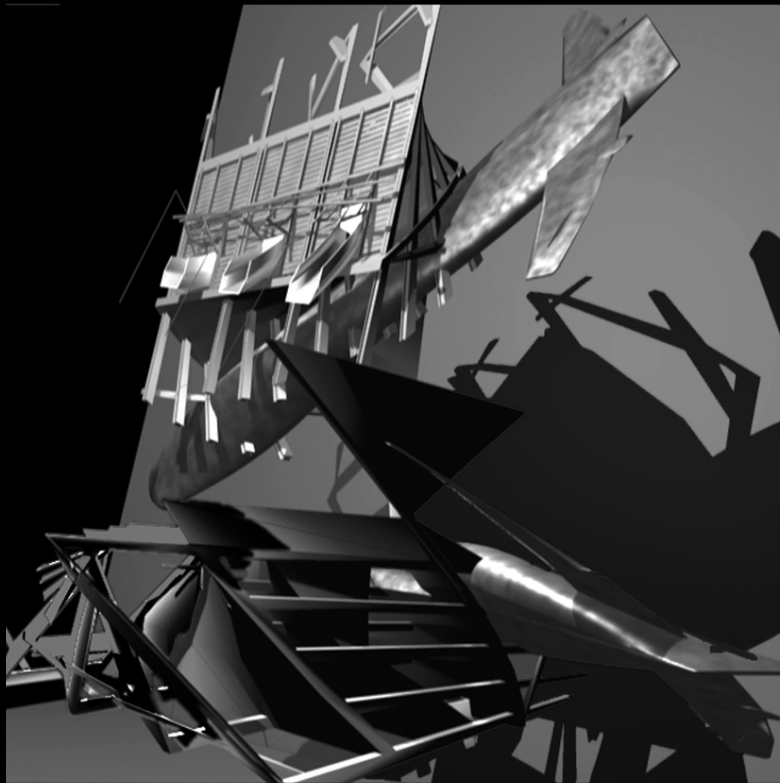
Project 3: The Shadow as Refuge

The criteria listed in the matrix are not explored as separate aspects of the shadow, but rather unite as distinct generative guidelines for the project. To see a full version of the matrix see book '0' of The Black Box, pg xxxvii, or visit www.theblackbox.co.nz/outline/



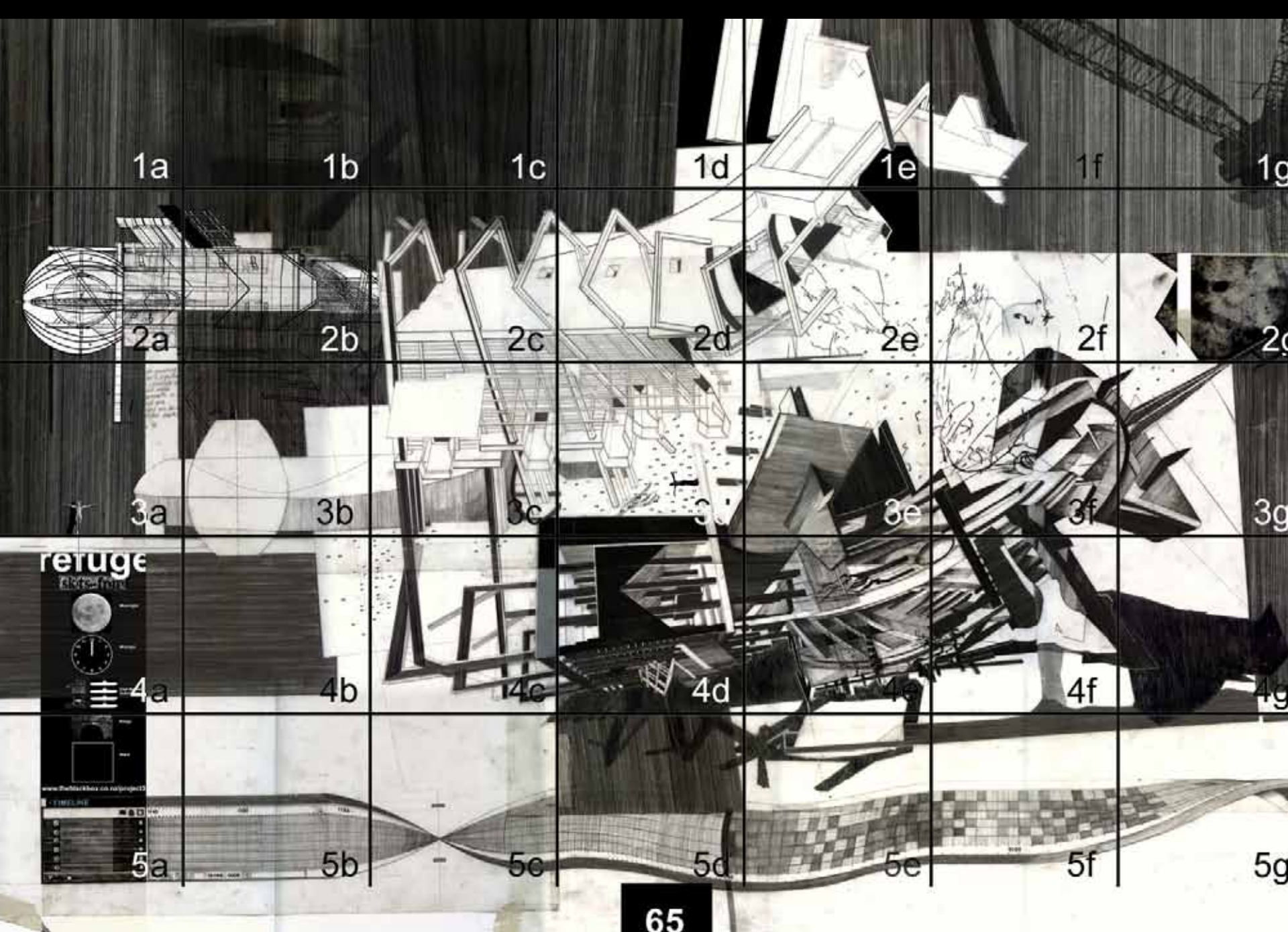






FINAL DRAWINGS

Project 3



refuge

www.thefactbook.co.uk/project13

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45

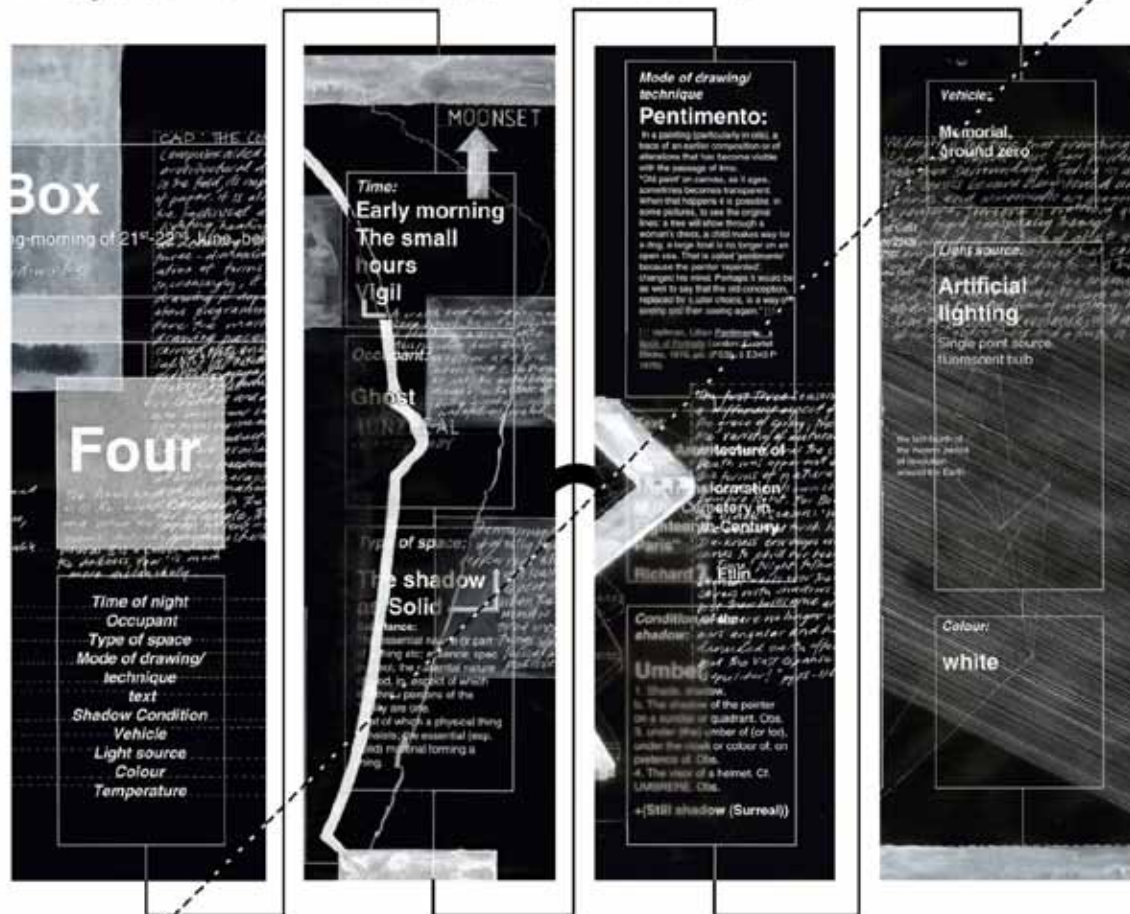


Flay

SHADOW AS SOLID

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Time..... | Early morning, 12:15am – 4am, 22 nd June 2003 |
| Inhabitant..... | Ghost |
| Programme..... | Memorial |
| Representation..... | Pentimento An underlying image in a painting, as an earlier painting, part of a painting, or original draft, that shows through, usually when the top layer of paint has become transparent with age. |
| Text..... | “The Architecture of Death: The Transformation of the Cemetery in Eighteenth-Century Paris” <i>by Richard Etlin</i> |
| Shadow Condition..... | Umber (under shadow) |
| Vehicle/Site..... | Ground Zero; Twin Towers, New York |
| Light Source..... | Artificial |
| Colour..... | White |

Project 4: The Shadow as Solid



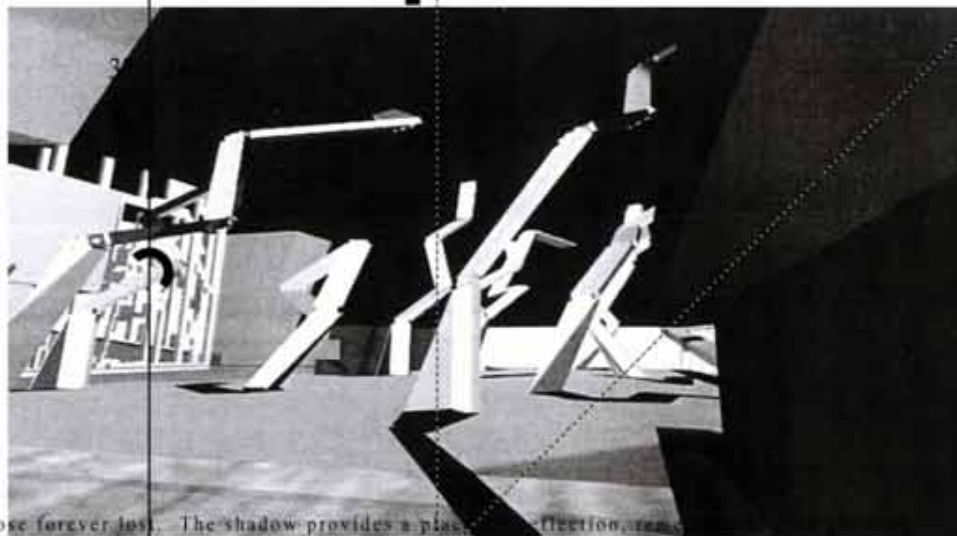
The criteria listed in the matrix are not explored as separate aspects of the shadow, but rather unite as distinct generative guidelines for the project. To see a full version of the matrix see book '0' of The Black Box, pg xxxvii, or visit www.theblackbox.co.nz/outline/

FINAL DRAWINGS

Project 4

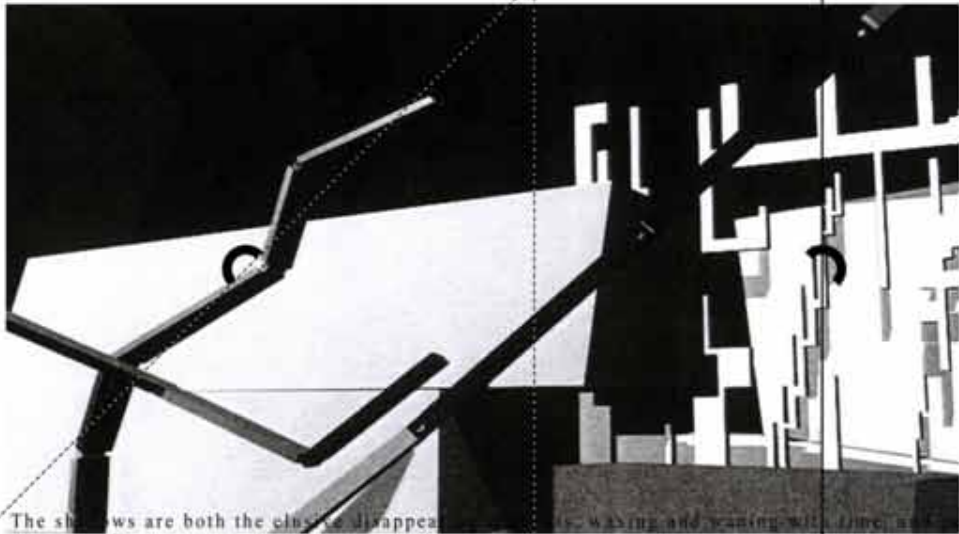


arms of the shadow unfurl and embrace



those forever lost. The shadow provides a place of reflection, re





The shadows are both the class and disappear

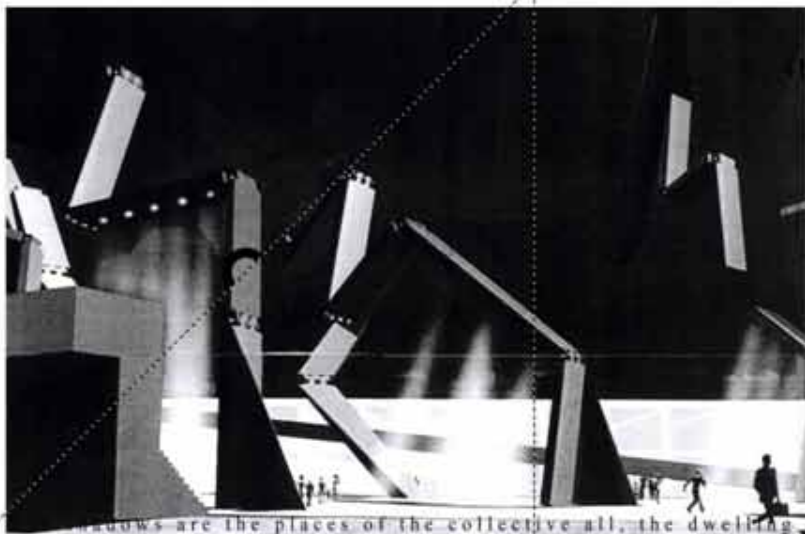


is, washing and washing with time, and it also the

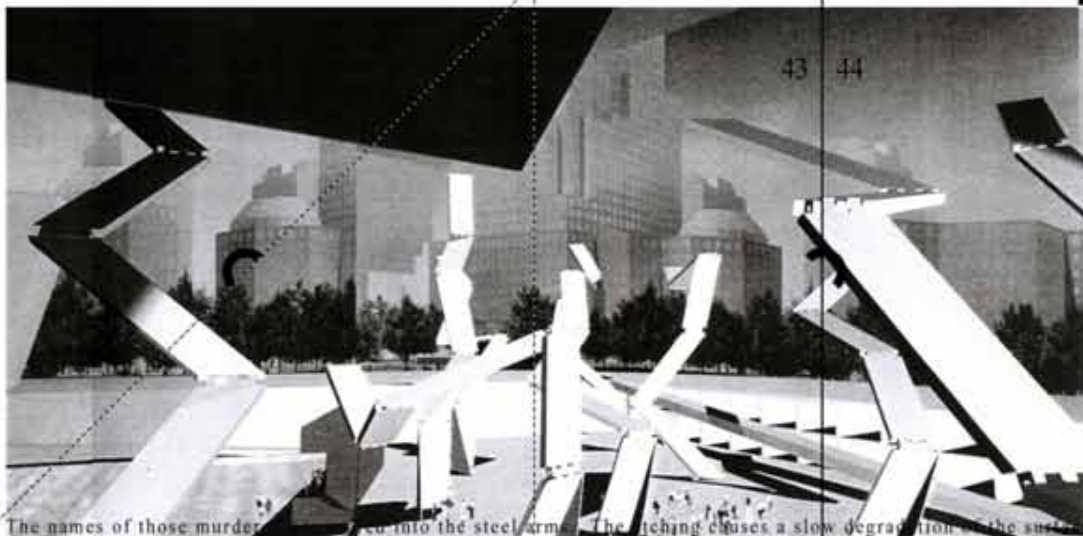


the possibility to an obj





Windows are the places of the collective all, the dwelling of those both great and small, as in death a universal is lost.



The names of those murdered are engraved into the steel arms. The polishing causes a slow degradation of the surface until the outlines of the names appear only in light.



SHADOW AS REPETITION

Time..... Sunrise, 4am - 7:47am, 22nd June 2003

Inhabitant..... Artist

Programme..... Art Gallery

Representation..... map/trace

Text..... “A short History of the Shadow” *by Victor L.Stoichita*

Shadow Condition..... Penumbra (the blur of the shadow)

Vehicle/Site..... The Camera Obscura
A House for Dürer

Light Source..... Morning Civil Twilight

Colour..... Blue

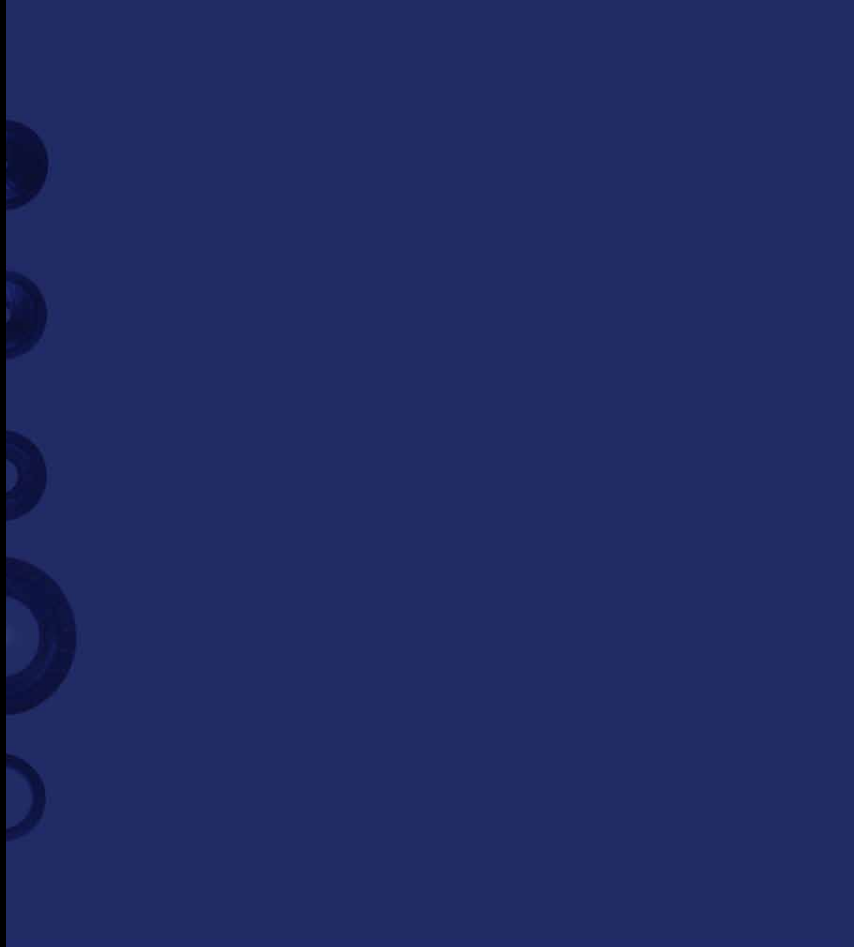
BOOK 5

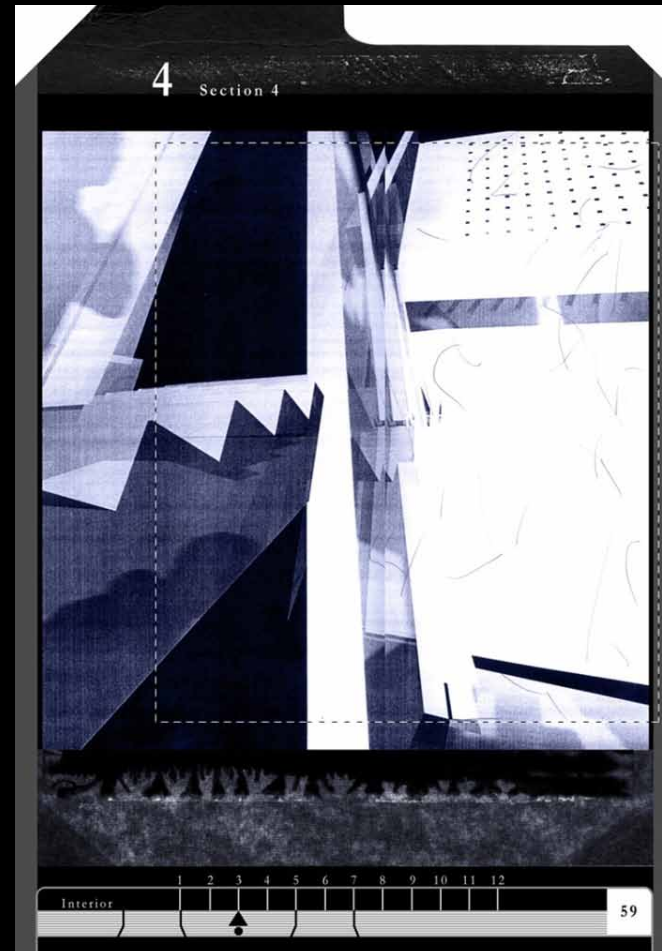
The Shadow as Repetition

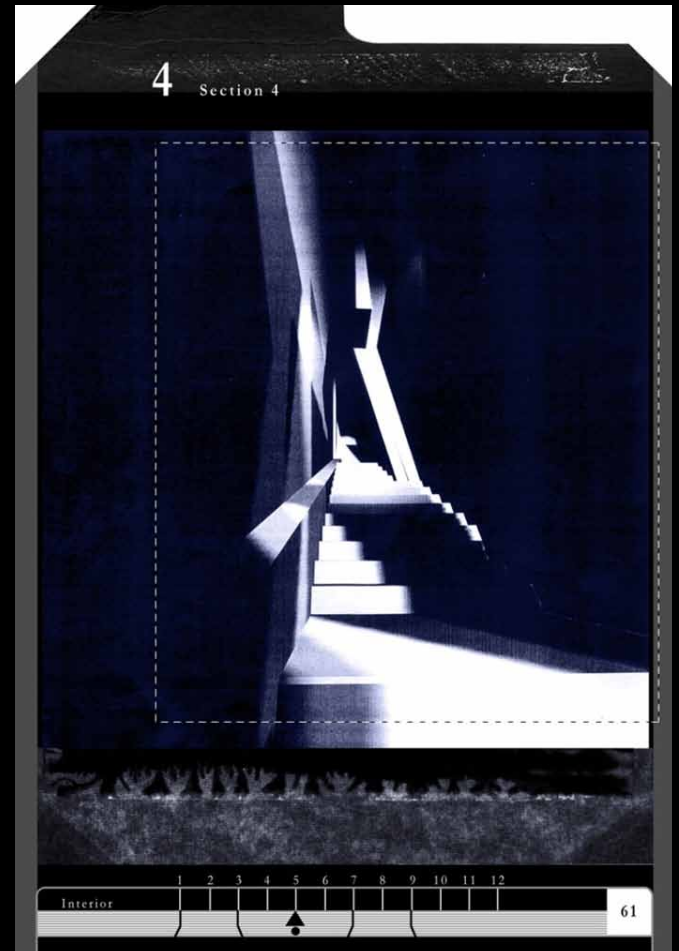
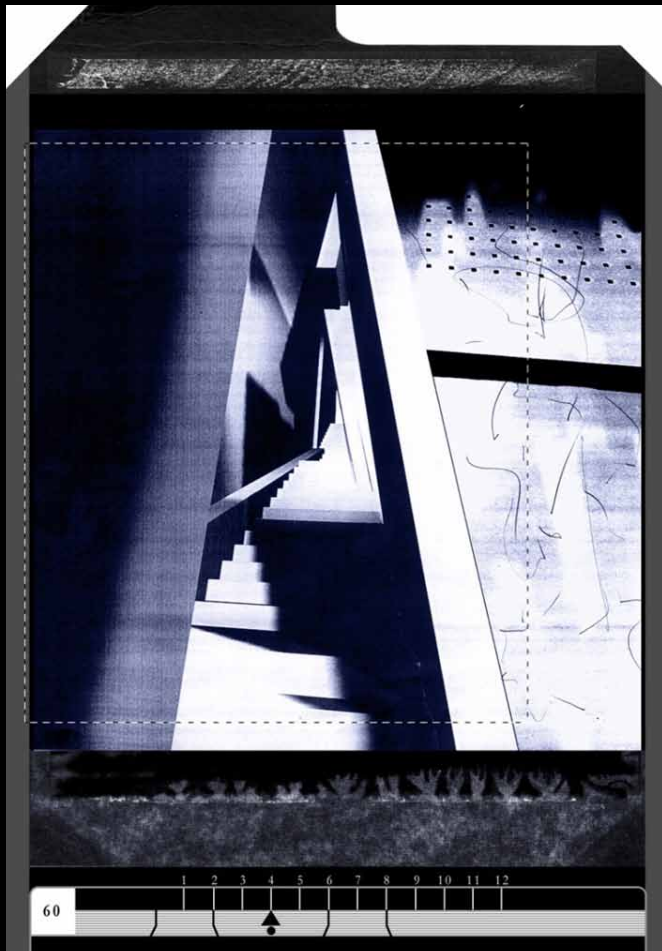
Project Five

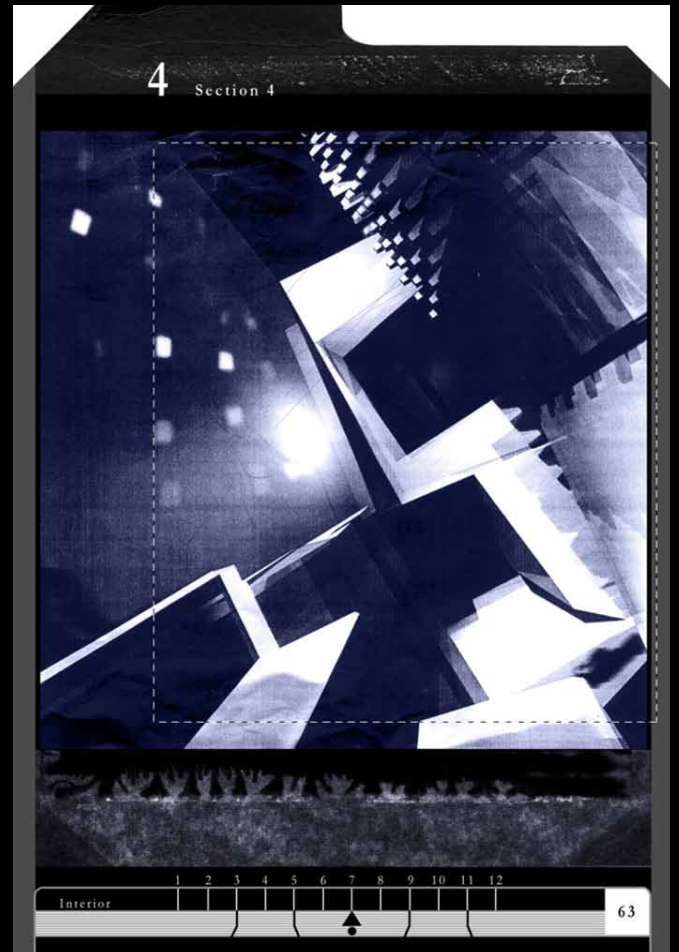
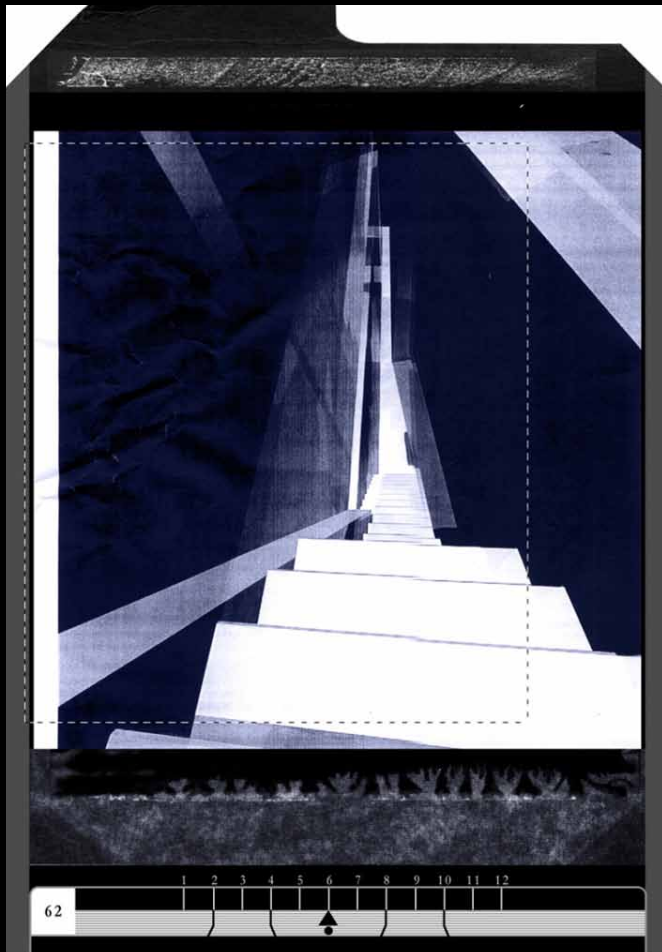


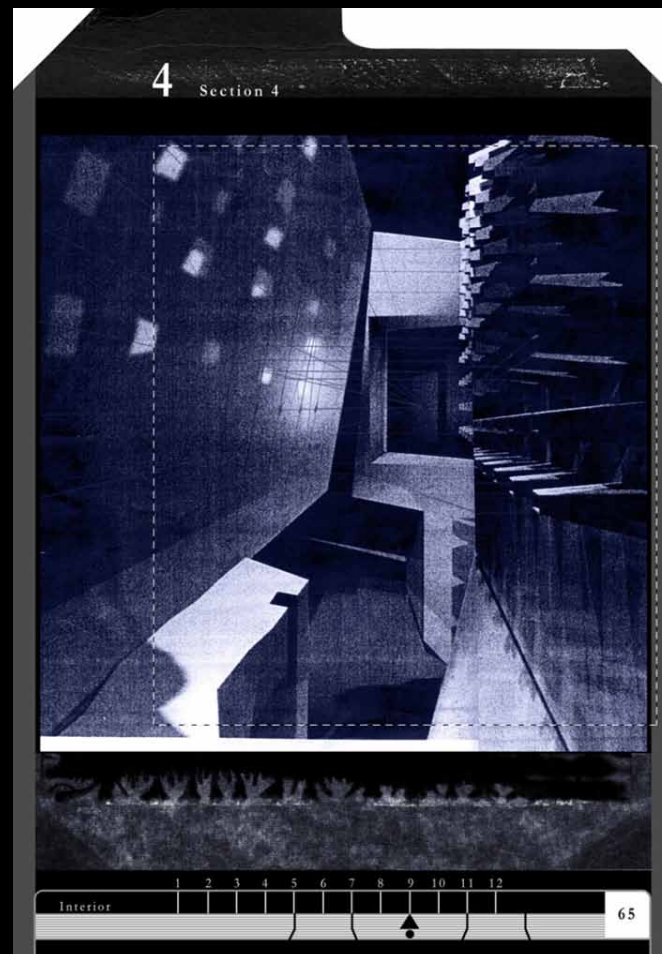
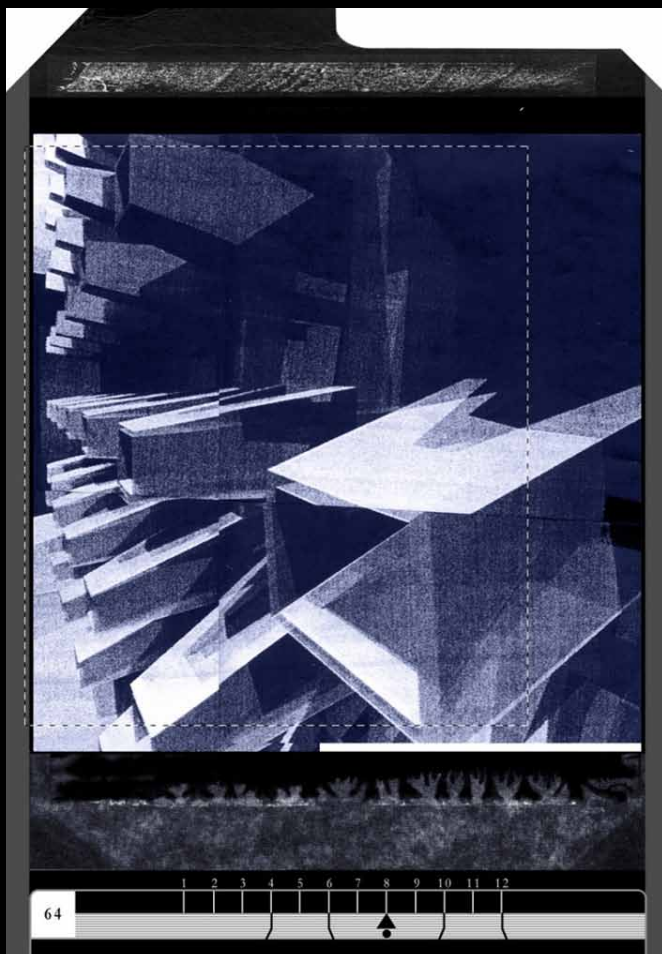
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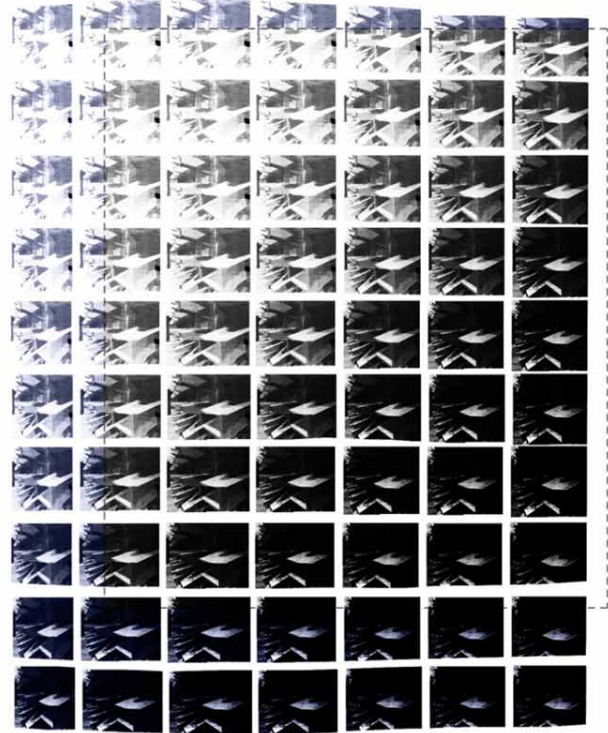


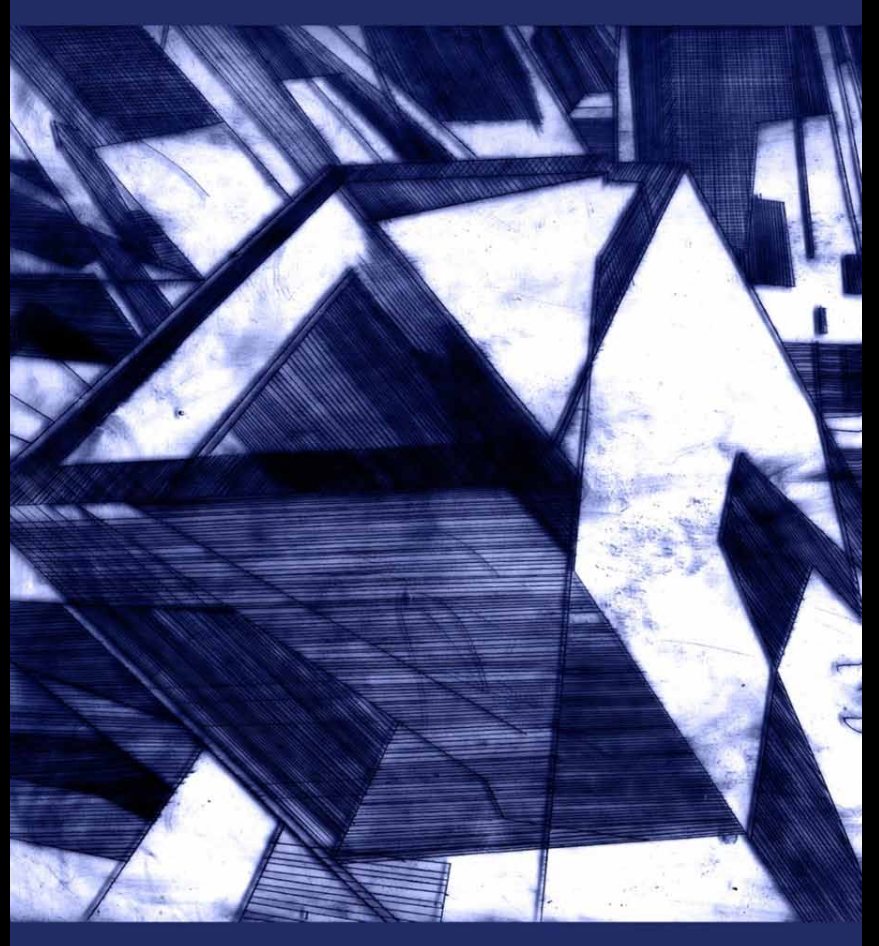


shadow cones
The Jander that lurks in the darkness, feeding upon the light, bending it to its will. This is the room before the room of total black. The room between light and dark.

It is a device for recording the shadows, as to see shadows and to perceive the world (and record it), is to remember.

5 Section 5

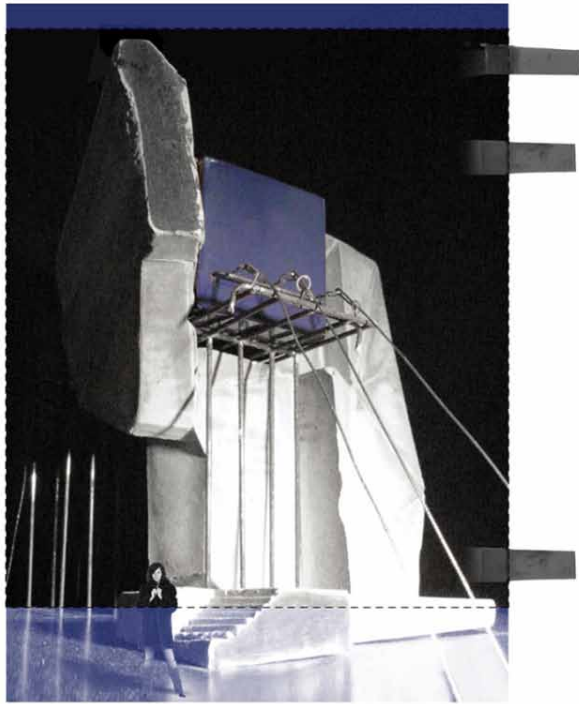




FINAL DRAWINGS

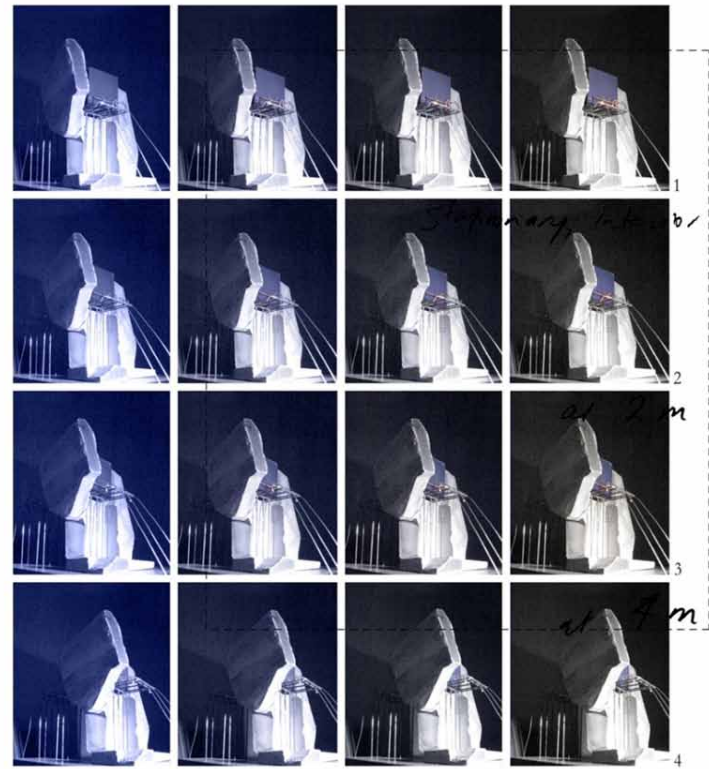
Project 5



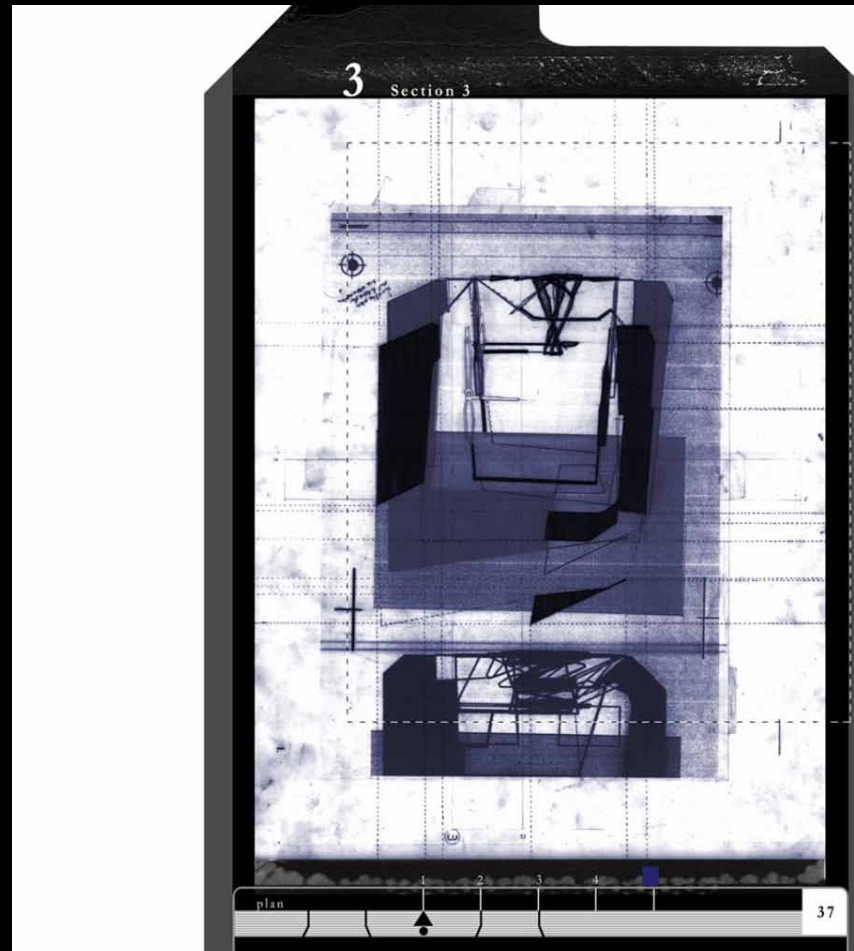
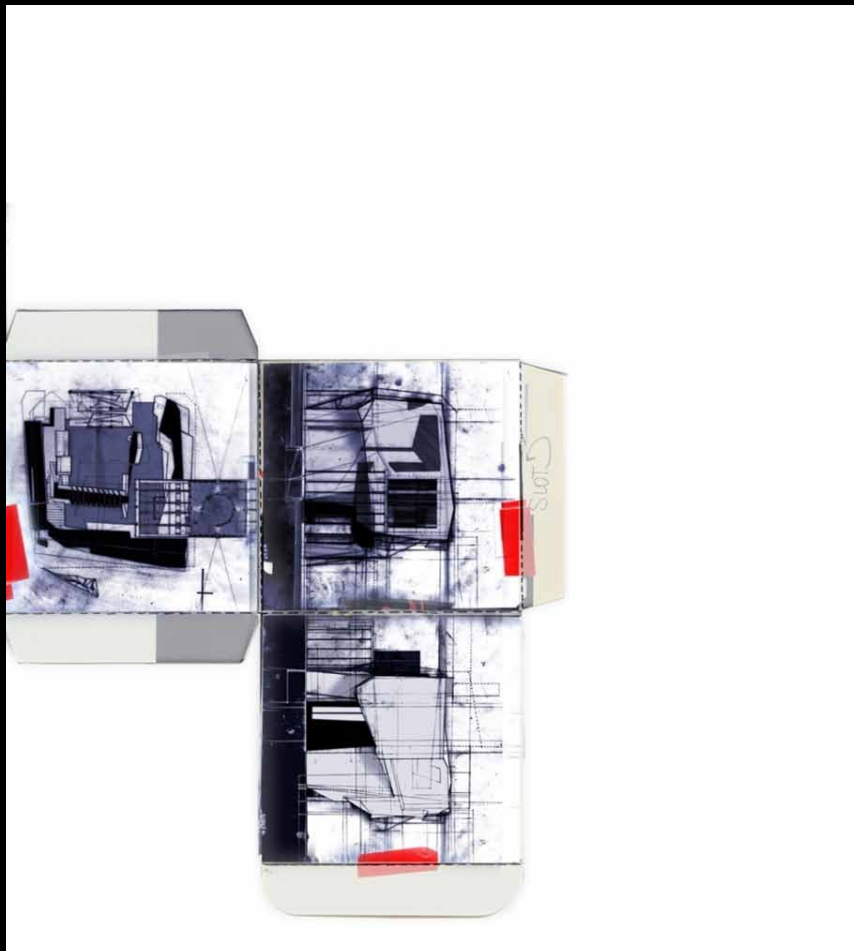


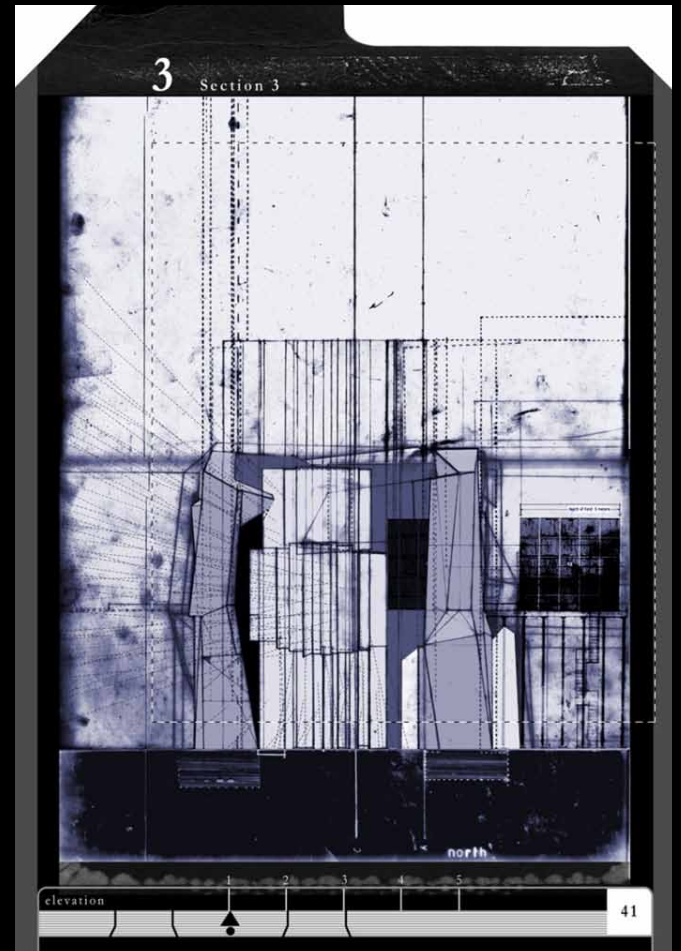
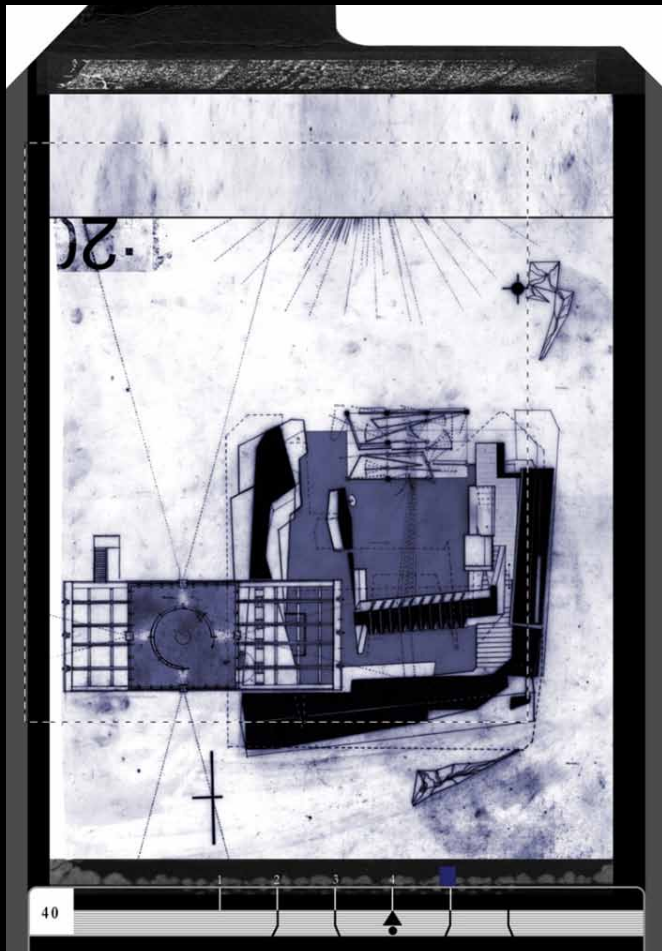
camera obscura room, the artist-workroom.

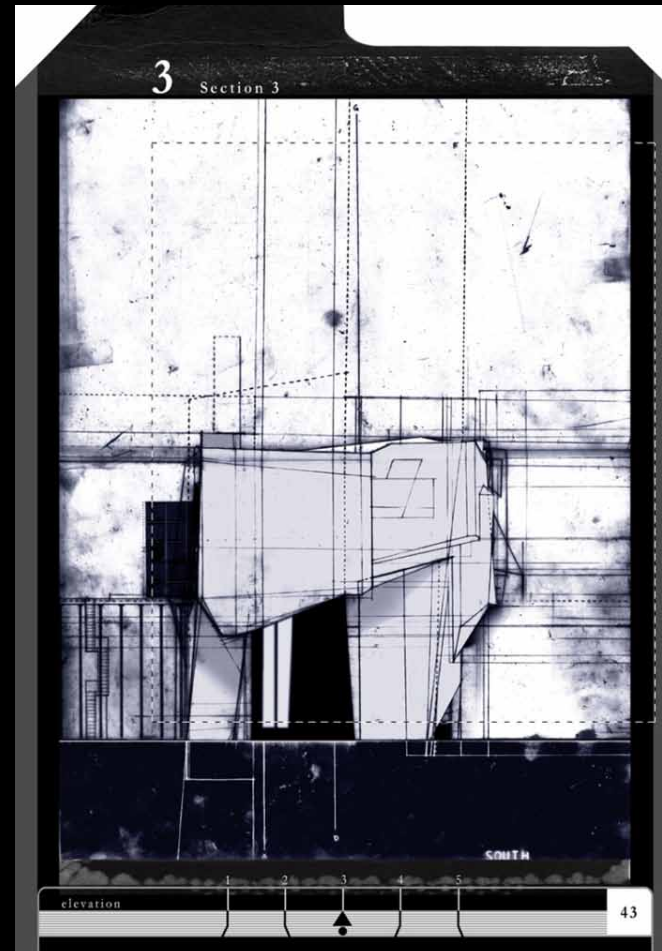
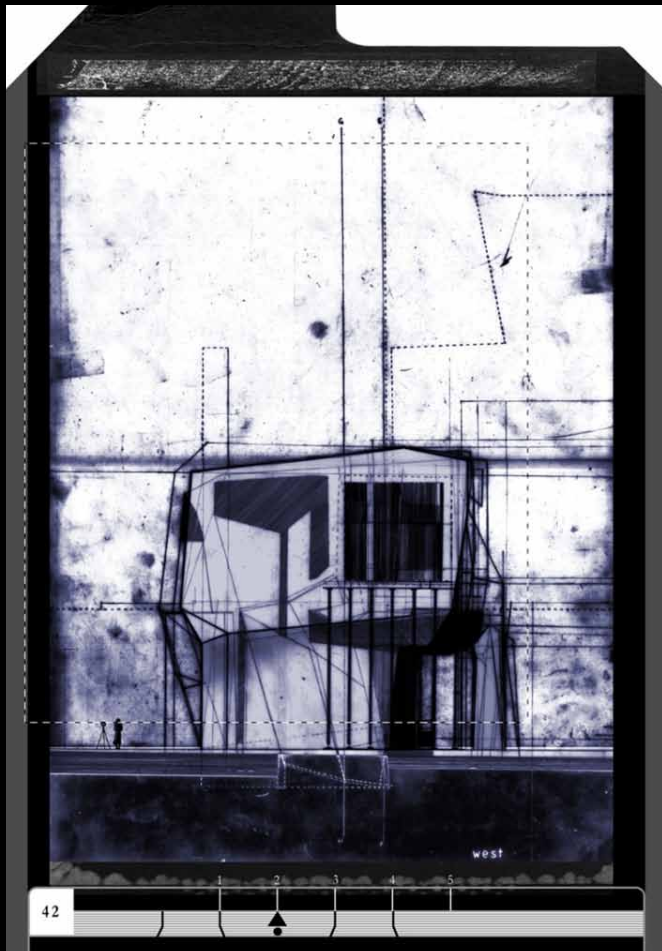
3 Section 3

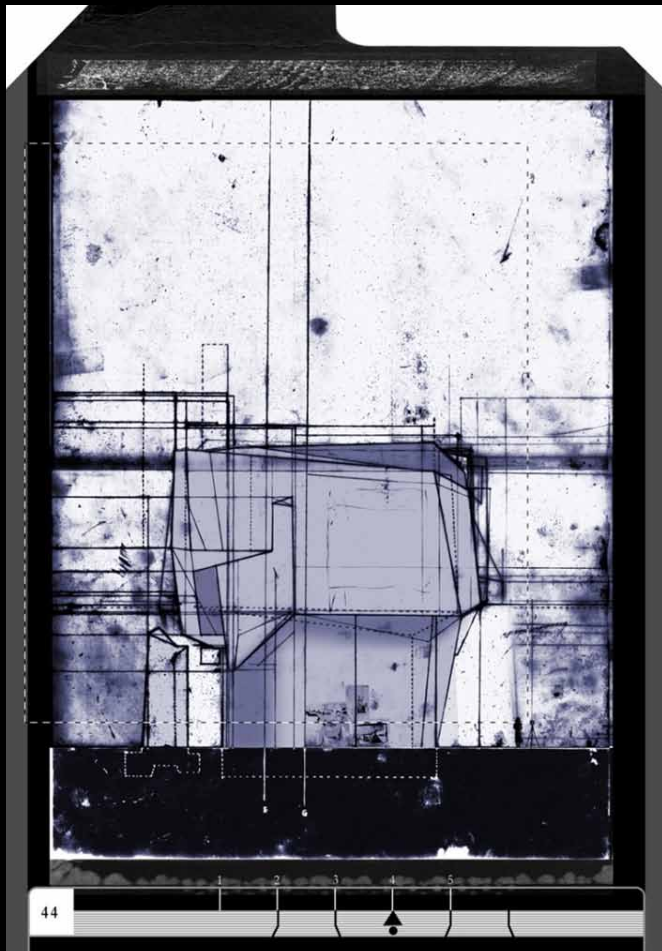


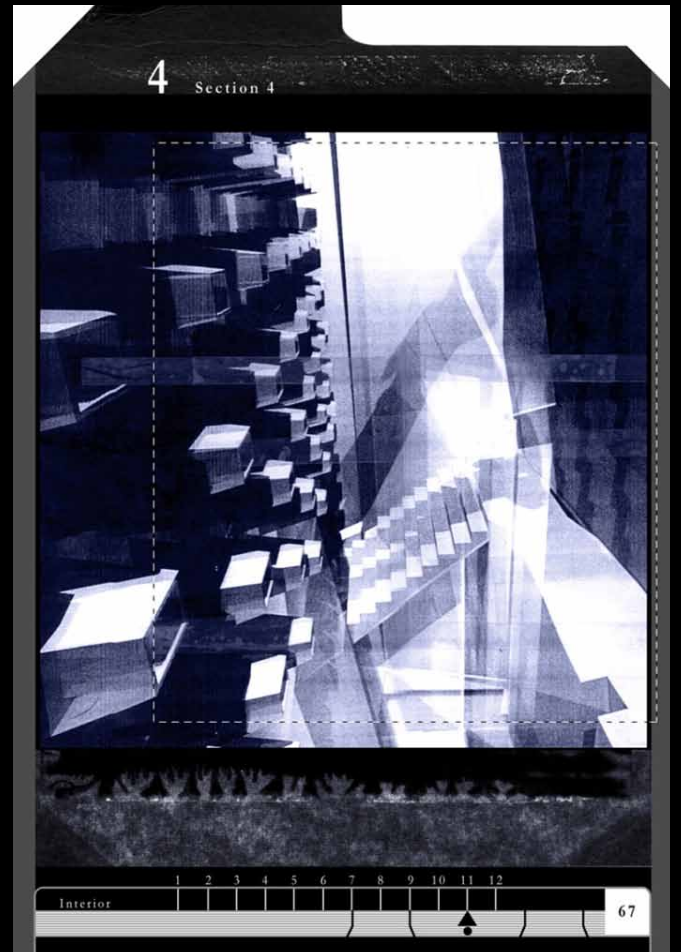
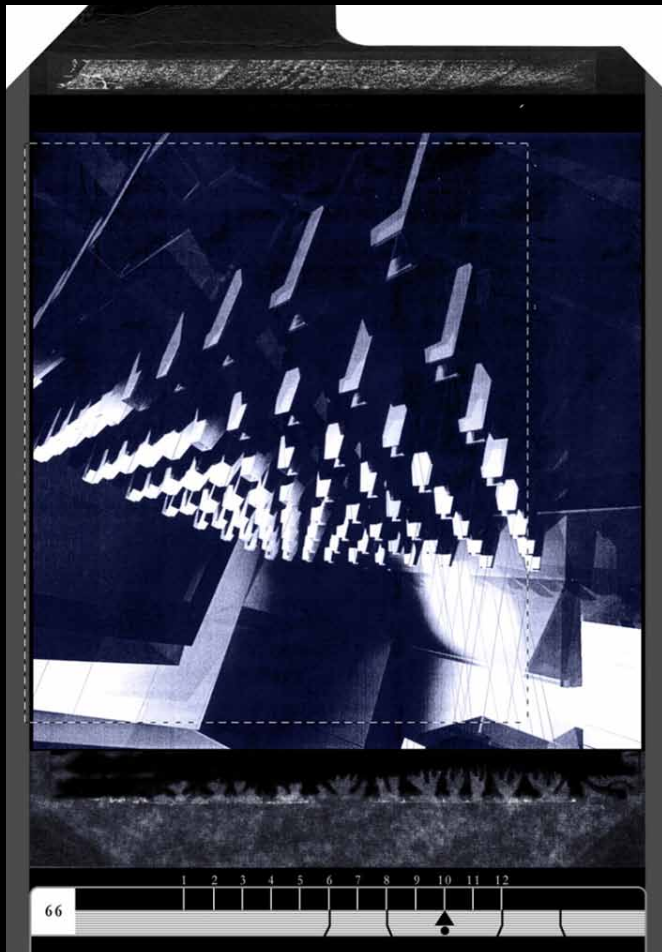
Sectional Model, showing the camera obscura room, the artist-workroom.

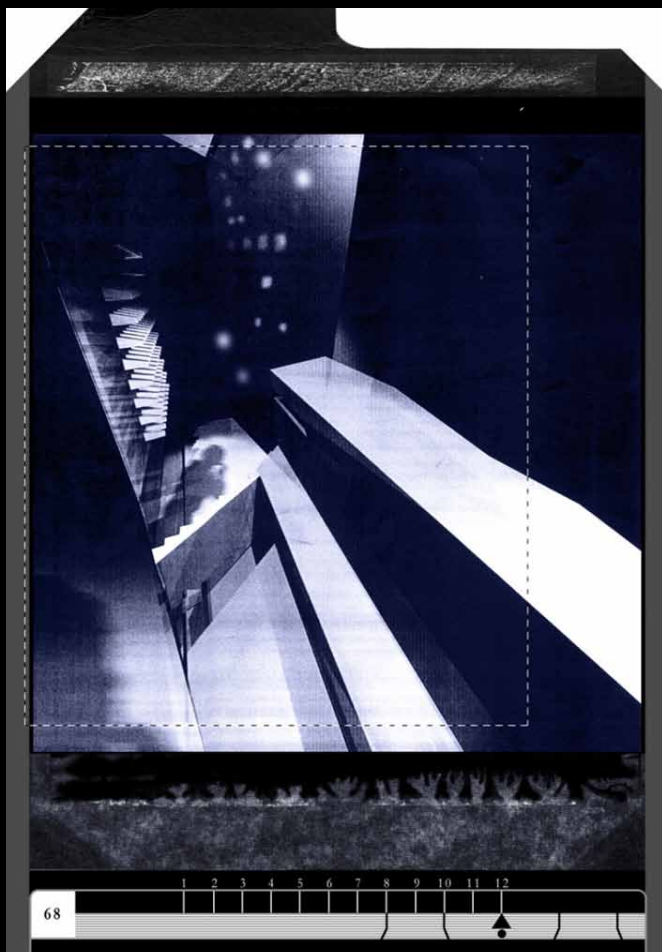


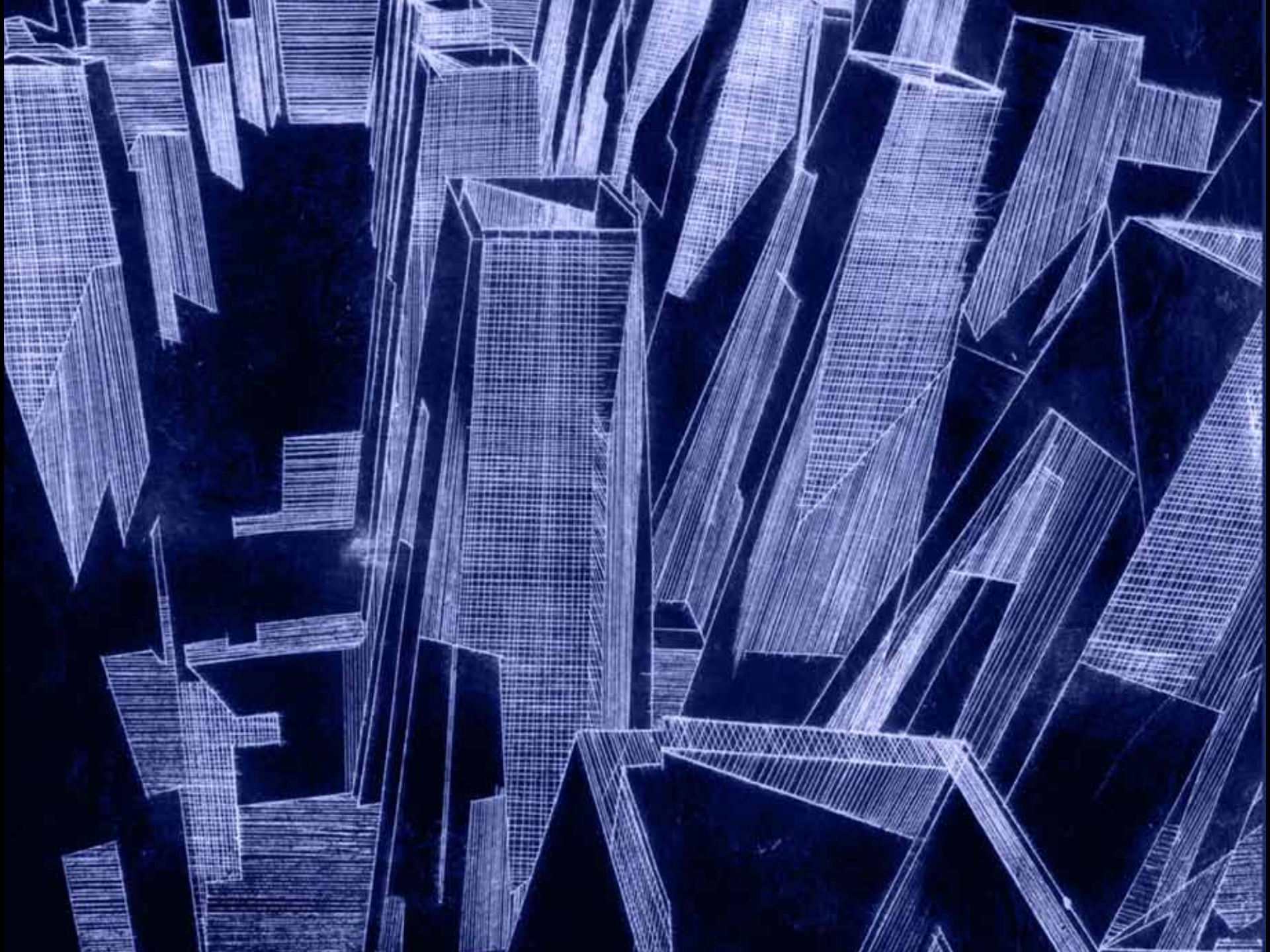














END